

The Paducah Evening Sun.

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PADUCAH, KY., FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 19 1907.

10 CENTS PER WEEK

ROOT MAKES CLEAR FRISCO INCIDENT

National Prerogatives Cannot
Be Questioned

No Threats Passed and Negotiations
With Japan Were on Most
Friendly Terms.

NEW MASTERS OF DIPLOMACY.

Washington, April 19.—Notable figures in American public life assembled here today for a two days' discussion of subjects of international moment. The occasion was the first meeting of the American Society of International Law. Many representatives of foreign governments were present. Secretary of State Root called the meeting to order and delivered a masterly address.

In his speech on the San Francisco incident, the secretary said:

Gentlemen: In opening this meeting of the American Society of International Law, which I hope will be the first of many meetings in unbroken succession to continue long after we personally have ceased to take part in affairs, let me welcome you to the beginning of your labors for a more thorough understanding of this important and fascinating subject. It is impossible that the human mind should be addressed to questions better worth its noblest efforts, offering a greater opportunity for usefulness in the exercise of its powers, or more full of historical and contemporary interest, than in the field of international rights and duties. The change in the theory and practice of government which has marked the century since the establishment of the American union has shifted the determination of great questions of domestic national policy from a few rulers in each country to the great body of the people, who render the ultimate decision under all modern constitutional governments. Coincident with that change the practice of diplomacy has ceased to be a mystery confined to a few learned men who strive to give effect to the wishes of personal rulers, and has become a representative function answering to the opinions and the will of the multitude of citizens, who themselves create the relations between states and determine the issues of friendship and estrangement, of peace and war. Under the new system there are many dangers from which the old system was free. The rules and customs which the experience of centuries has shown to be essential to the maintenance of peace and good standing between nations have little weight with the new popular masters of diplomacy; the precedents and agreements of opinion which have carried so great a part of the rights and duties of nations toward each other beyond the pale of discussion are but little understood. The education of public opinion, which would lead the sovereign people in each country to understand the definite limitations upon national rights and the full scope and responsibility of national duties, has only just begun. Information, understanding, leadership of opinion in these matters, so vital to wise judgment and right action in international affairs, are much needed. This society may serve as a collegium, in the true sense of the word, in which all who choose to seek a broader knowledge of the law that governs the affairs of nations may give each to the other the incentive of earnest and faithful study and may give to the great body of our countrymen a clearer view of their international rights and responsibilities.

Treaty of 1901.
I shall detain you from the interesting program of instruction and discussion which has been arranged for this meeting only by trying to illustrate the kind of service that the society may render in a few remarks intended to clear away a somewhat widespread popular misapprehension regarding a question arising under a treaty of the United States.

The treaty of November 22, 1894, between the United States and Japan provided, in the first article: "The citizens or subjects of each of the two high contracting parties shall have full liberty to enter, travel or reside in any part of the territory of the other contracting party, and

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(Continued on page 4.)

WEATHER FORECAST.



Cloudy tonight and Saturday. No decided change in temperature. Highest temperature yesterday, 51; lowest today, 41.

RAISUL'S ALLIANCE.

Taigler, April 19.—Word is momentarily expected of an important battle being fought in the region of Moulouya river, between the sultan's troops and the armies of Ruamara, the Moroccan pretender, and Raisul, the bandit chief. The alliance between Raisul and the pretender was recently formed. If they defeat the sultan's troops they plan an immediate march on Fez, the sultan's capital.

COAL STRIKE.

Fernie, B. C., April 19.—The coal strike is becoming serious throughout British Columbia. Thousands of miners have quit work at Hankhead and other places today and are resolute in the face of threatened arrest under the new law.

AVOIDS FRISCO.

Victoria, April 19.—Aboard the Japanese liner, Aki-Maru, which sailed from Yokohama today for this port is General Baron Kuroki with his military staff on the way to the Jamestown exposition. He chose the Victoria route on account of alleged feeling at San Francisco against the Japanese.

ILIOLO BURNS.

Manila, April 19.—Driven by a fierce gale, a terrific fire swept across the town of Iloilo, island of Panay, today practically destroying the town. Panic prevails. It is believed there has been a heavy loss of life. Fully 20,000 persons were rendered homeless. Probably it will be days before a complete estimate of the dead can be made.

CONVICT KILLED.

Atlanta, April 19.—A posse and negro convicts, who escaped from Durham mines by tunneling under Lookout mountain, clashed today and as the result one convict was killed and two others fatally wounded.

PHILIPPINE SHAKE.

Manila, April 19.—A large portion of the Philippines were shaken last night by an earthquake. Southern Luzon suffered severely. Great damage was done in the towns of Nueva, Caceres, Taybar and Camarines. There was no loss of life reported. Manila was slightly shaken, sleazette instruments recorded intermittent shocks for three hours.

STEAMER BURNS.

Gallipoli, O., April 19.—The steamer Delta, owned by the Pittsburg Coal company, burned to the water's edge in the great Kanawha river this morning. Capt. Wiley and his crew escaped by jumping overboard and swimming ashore.

AT CHARLESTON.

Charleston, S. C., April 19.—An earthquake shock was distinctly felt early today. A very perceptible wave motion from east to west was noted. No damage to any extent resulted.

GRAIN MARKET.

Cincinnati, April 19.—Wheat, 70½; corn, 53; oats, 46.

Mrs. McLean Re-elected.

Washington, April 19.—While a vote of the Continental Congress for national officers of the Daughters of the American Revolution has not been announced, it is admitted by both factions that Mrs. Donald McLean has been re-elected president general of the society.

PROFIT OFFERED TO ODD FELLOWS

On Building Recently Purchased From School Board

Decline to Sell and Will Remodel Structure as They Originally Intended.

COMMITTEES ARE APPOINTED.

Notwithstanding an offer of \$175 per foot for property purchased at Fifth street and Kentucky avenue by the Odd Fellows from the school board, the Odd Fellows will not sell at present, and will remodel the building as originally intended. A committee from the Mungum lodge and Union Encampment has been appointed and plans will be arranged by it when the Ingleside lodge names its committee.

Last night the Union Encampment named Messrs. Harry Judd and C. G. Kelley as its committee. Mungum lodge named Messrs. J. O. Keebler and William Morgan, and tonight when Ingleside meets and appoints the committee will be complete and plans ordered.

"Much has been said of the Odd Fellows' plans, and the reports have conflicted," a well known committee man stated this morning. "We will follow plans first stated, and remodel the building. For this purpose the committee was appointed, and we will go into the work of arranging plans at once."

"We will not have possession of the building until school is out, but are taking time by the forelock and will be ready to move into the work as soon as school is finally dismissed for the summer. The work will begin immediately, and be pushed as hard as we can push it."

The property measures 173 feet on the Fifth street side, and at \$175 per foot would bring \$30,275 for the lot, a profit of \$6,275 if accepted.

NO INCREASE FOR CIRCUIT JUDGE

McCracken county may not supplement the salary of Circuit Judge William Reed. The court of appeals has sustained the contention of County Attorney Alben Barkley, opposing the action of the fiscal court in adding \$1,200 to Judge Reed's salary. This decision of the court of appeals overrules the finding of Special Judge John K. Hendrick, who heard the case below. The increase in salary was granted in accordance with an enabling act passed by the last legislature.

BROOKPORT RESTAURANT GIVES DEPARTMENT A RUN

The "River Front Restaurant" in Brookport caught fire yesterday afternoon and was damaged to the extent of \$50. The fire company had occasion to use its new hose. The fire caught from the stove.

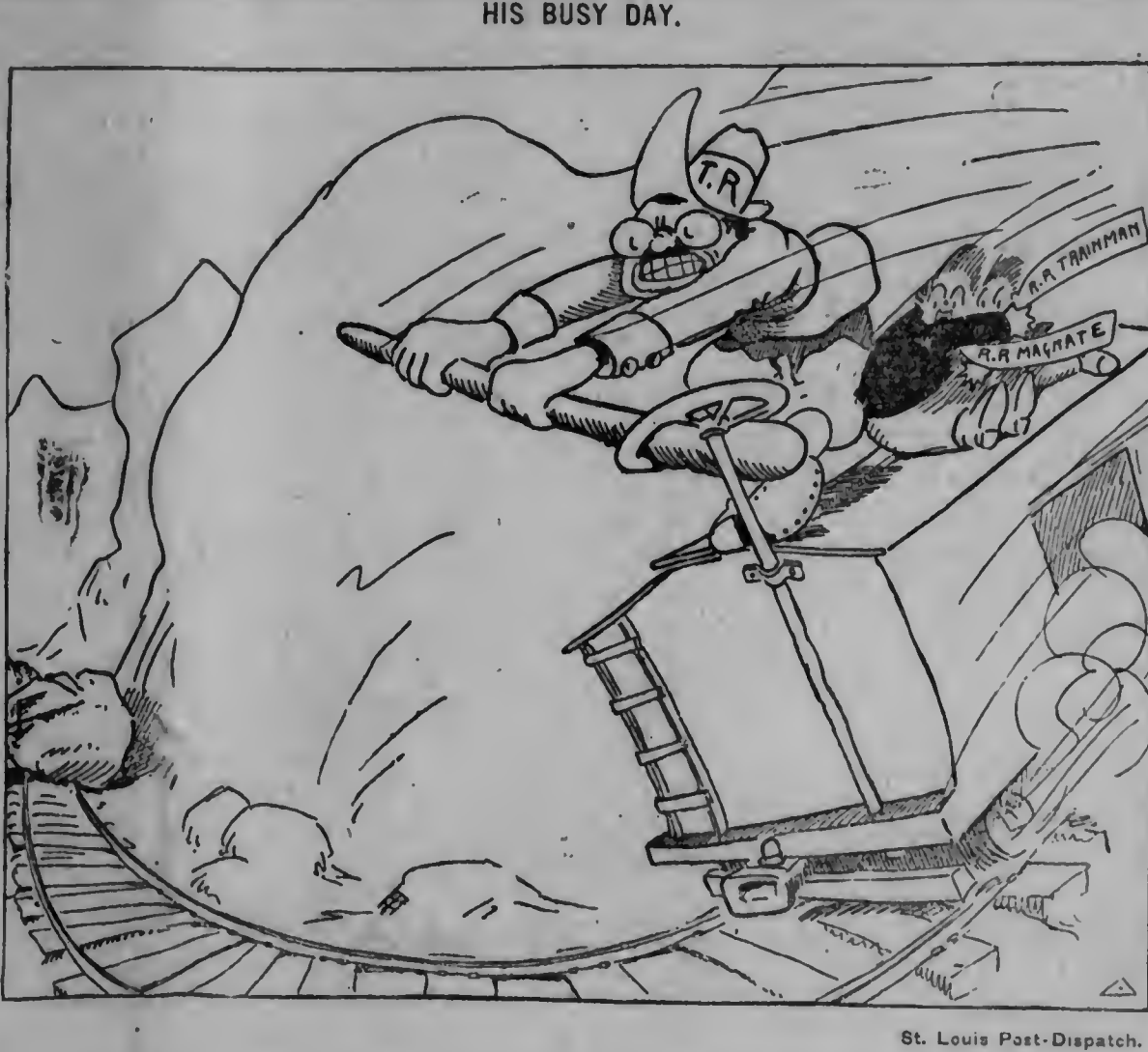
Howard Caldwell.

Howard Caldwell, 35 years old, mail agent running between Paducah and Evansville on the steamer John S. Hopkins, died in Riverside hospital last night at 10:30 o'clock of heart disease after being in that institution only a short time. He was running on the boat yesterday between Golconda and New Liberty, Ill., when stricken. The boat hastened the patient to Paducah and he was hurried to Riverside hospital. Caldwell had run on the boat two years and was widely known and popular. He was single and leaves a widowed mother at Birdsville.

The body was taken this afternoon to Birdsville on the steamer Royal to be buried tomorrow.

Little Girl Hurt By Fall.

While the three year old daughter of Mr. Arthur Johnson, the well known Illinois Central pipe fitter, residing on west Monroe street, was playing in the front yard yesterday afternoon, she started to run upon the steps but tripped and fell. Her head struck the corner of the bottom step and was cut to the skull. The child was picked up in a semi-conscious condition and taken into the house. It required several stitches to close the wound.



Divorce Public Schools From Politics; Arouse Interest Among The Patrons

Mrs. Herbert Mengel Strikes
Straight From Shoulder In
Blows at the Evils of School
Conditions and Advocates
Non-Partisan Leagues

AUDIENCE WAS INTERESTED.

Mrs. Herbert W. Mengel's address before the Woman's club and visitors at the parish house yesterday afternoon on the subject of "Public Schools," in substance was a plea for the divorce of the school system from politics and she said the Non-Partisan School league was the only instrumentally capable of accomplishing such a desirable result. As the result of her illuminating address, a revival of the movement toward organizing a permanent Non-Partisan Public School league, which has remained dormant since the last meetings of the local organization, is expected immediately.

Mrs. Mengel, who is a woman of attractive personality and physique, spoke for an hour to an attentive audience which taxed the capacity of the parish house. The women were largely in the majority, but Mayor Yelzer and several city officials, with a score of business men heard her address. At the close in an open discussion Eugene Graves in a short speech pledged himself, if elected to the legislature, to follow the recommendations of the Woman's club in school matters, so far as practicable. H. C. Rhodes, president of the Commercial club, and J. G. Miller addressed the audience briefly.

Mrs. Walter Smith, of the city played a piano solo.

Mrs. Mengel was introduced by Mrs. Henry Overby in a speech relevant to the occasion. Mrs. Mengel plunged into her subject and throughout her remarks, the impression was given that her store of information on the subject was not exhausted. In the main her two themes were the arousing of public opinion and the means of accomplishing results.

OTEGA TRIBE TO POWOW TONIGHT

Members of Ottega Tribe of Red Men will have a social this evening at the hall on North Fourth street. While no special program has been arranged, impromptu speeches will be called for and afterwards a banquet served. A number of candidates will be put through the secrets of the lodge. Reports from the different leaders in the contest for new members indicate that many new ones will be brought into the fold. Delegations from Murray, Metropolis and Brookport will be present, and it is expected to have members from the Golconda lodge present also.

when it was aroused. Playgrounds where the children could get that broader education which play, the mimicry of life, gives to the young, she thought were essential. Medical inspection was revealed by her remarks to be a vital necessity, from the mingling of children when some are not well and it is now recognized that disease finds no better place for becoming epidemic than in the school room. The care of the eyes which with the hearing often accounted for backward pupils, is one of the largest considerations urgent to medical inspection. Only scientific knowledge can seat the pupils properly, provide for ventilation, light, and sanitation. After treating of the actual conditions, Mrs. Mengel turned her attention to remedying them. Organization of mothers' clubs to get in touch with the teachers and the school room, she said, was the best way. But interest in the schools themselves must first be aroused and this could be done hardly in any other way than by a public school league. She said interest easily could be aroused, for the love of the schools is as deep as any principle of Americanism. The children, she thought should be taken from the homes, the streets and the workshops and put in schools, and if our present facilities are inadequate, they should be enlarged and here Mrs. Mengel received applause for her remarks about the men. She thought politics is the bane of the schools and that smaller school boards would be better.

EQUITY SOCIETY ORGANIZED HERE

Over Four Hundred Farmers
Enrolled, According to State
ment of Representative, Who
Is Soliciting Members

AFFILIATES WITH THE UNIONS.

Farmers of McCracken county are organizing a branch of the American Society of Equity and application for representation is in the hands of the Central Labor Union. The organizer is quietly working on the union and it is understood he has about 400 names enrolled now. When the charter is secured from the national organization it requires the union to affiliate with the nearest Central Labor Union. The petition the local Central Labor Union has received is from Melber. In reply the members were informed to have delegates present at the next meeting and the qualifications will be stated. In most western Kentucky counties the society co-operates with the dark tobacco association, as in Marshall and Calloway. In Davies county the society is the most numerous organization.

Mabel Lonnie Rudolph.

Mabel Lonnie Rudolph, the 16-months-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Rudolph, of 1277 Jackson street, died at noon today of whooping cough.

Two Earthquake Shocks.

Manila, April 19.—Two severe earthquake shocks were felt here this morning. No damage reported as having resulted.

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WARM FIGHT ON AT OWENSBORO

Both Sides Claiming Victory
In Local Option Election,
Which Will be Held in Dav-
ies County Tomorrow

HIG PARADE FEATURE TODAY.

Owensboro, Ky., April 19.—(Special.)—Today closes one of the most remarkable campaigns ever held in Davies county. Both sides claim the victory at polls tomorrow. Wets and dries are coming down the home stretch neck and neck. Feeling is high, but there is no fear of any violence. Saloons voluntarily closed last midnight till Monday. It is impossible even this near to the election day to forecast the result. It hinges on labor and the negro vote. The dries claim 80 per cent. of the labor vote. The wets claim the negroes and also claim at least one-half of the labor vote. The big feature today is a monster parade by the dries.

COL. G. W. BAIN IN FINE ADDRESS

Another large audience greeted Col. G. W. Bain, the noted temperance orator, who spoke last night at the Broadway Methodist church on the duties of citizens. He was introduced by the Rev. W. T. Boiling, pastor of the church. Col. Bain repeated his triumph of the night before, although varying the arguments and introducing new matter into his lecture.

TWO BOULEVARDS ARE CONSIDERED

The Board of Aldermen Gives
Sanction To Plan

Jefferson Street and Tenth Street
Given Over To Board of Park
Commissioners.

CITY BEAUTIFUL IS EVOLVED

Harmony of ideas to make Paducah a city beautiful, the pride of its citizens and the admiration of visitors, was expressed in the action of the board of aldermen last night when the ordinance granting permission to make a park out of Tenth street between Broadway and Kentucky was passed. At the same time, the plan of the park commission, the residents, and the traction company to make west Jefferson street a magnificent boulevard, was approved and when the street and ordinance committees acting with the park commission and city engineer, draw up plans and specifications of the proposed beautification of Jefferson street from Fountain avenue to Twenty-fifth street the aldermen will enthusiastically endorse the idea. The resolution to that effect was not in shape to be introduced last night and was referred as stated.

The Sun outlined the plan of converting Jefferson street from Nineteenth to Twenty-fifth streets into a boulevard, yesterday. As perfected late yesterday afternoon, the plan will be to place under the control of the park commission, seven feet on each side of the traction company's right of way, making the total width of this space in the center of the boulevard, 36 feet for the tracks and grass plots. A concrete curb and gutter to be paid for, half by the property owners and half by the traction company, will be laid along each side of the park strip. This virtually divides Jefferson street into two streets with a park down the center. Sufficient space to allow the traction company to double track is already owned by the company and as under the proposed improvements, no crossing could be done in between street intersections, the necessity of lowering its tracks will not devolve on the traction company. Rules, compelling driving to the right, going and coming, would make the 20 feet streets on either side of the park, ample for all purposes.

As the traction company and the Gregory Heights company open Jefferson street toward The Pines, the improvements will be extended, so that in the course of a year or two, Jefferson boulevard would be a magnificent driveway. Then when Tenth street is treated similarly as far as the 100 feet width extends, the city will have two boulevards going through the city and contributing incalculably to its appearance. The city treasury will not feel the cost of either of the two proposed improvements, as the Jefferson street improvement will be paid for by the property owners abutting and the traction company; and Tenth street will be improved out of the appropriation made to the park commission by the state legislature. Both will be realities within less than a year. Dr. Murrell, president of the park commission, addressed the aldermen and said that he had raised \$2,200 toward erecting a base for a fine bronze statue that will be presented to the city by New York relatives of a former Paducah citizen, which will be placed in the Lang park. He expects to raise \$3,500 for the base. At the Broadway entrance to Tenth street the women will erect a handsome drinking fountain, and inside the park, walks and settees will afford the public a restful retreat at all times.

H. C. ASHBROOK

The Well Known Plumber, Succumbs
To Complications.

H. C. Ashbrook, 35 years old, a well known plumber, died this morning of complications after an illness of three months, at his home, 509 North Fourth street. He is survived by his mother, Mrs. M. F. Ashbrook, two brothers, R. H. and R. E. Ashbrook, the latter of whom is in California, and his little son, H. C. Ashbrook, Jr. The funeral will take place tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock at the residence. The burial will be in Oak Grove cemetery.



MISS JULIE FLORENCE WALSH

WOMEN SUFFER

Many women suffer in silence and drift along from bad to worse, knowing well that they ought to have immediate assistance.

How many women do you know who are perfectly well and strong? The cause may be easily traced to some feminine derangement which manifests itself in depression of spirits, reluctance to go anywhere or do anything, backache, dragging sensations, flatulency, nervousness, and sleeplessness.

These symptoms are but warnings that there is danger ahead, and unless heeded, a life of suffering or a serious operation is the inevitable result. The best remedy for all these symptoms is

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

made from native roots and herbs. No other medicine in the country has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine has such a record of cures of female ills.

Miss J. F. Walsh, of 328 W. 36th St., New York City, writes:—"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been of inestimable value in restoring my health. I suffered from female illness which caused dreadful headaches, dizziness, and dull pains in my back, but your medicine soon brought about a change in my general condition, built me up and made me perfectly well."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cures Female Complaints, such as Backache, Falling and Displacements, Inflammation and Ulceration, and organic diseases. It is invaluable in preparing for child-birth and during the Change of Life. It cures Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility, and invigorates the whole system.

Mrs. Pinkham's Standing Invitation to Women
Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to write Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free.

FLAT SAYS HE OWNS ROPE IDENTIFIED BY RAILWAY.

Will Flat, colored, was arrested this morning for the alleged theft of rope from the Illinois Central transfer boat Duncan. He was trying to sell rope identified as that

taken from the transfer boat, it is said. Flat claims that the rope was cut off the Reeper's tow and given to him.

The white population in New Zealand is now \$90,000, having increased 117,000 in the last five years.

Foreman Bros. Novelty Co.

Incorporated in 1915

ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES

House wiring, electric plants installed.
Complete machine shop.

122-124 N. Fourth St.

Phones 757

NEED LUMBER?

Buy your Lumber, Sashes, Shingles
and Mouldings from

The Fooks-Acree Lumber Co.

and save your money, for it is not the
money you make but the money you
save that counts.

Both Phones 1276.

Tenth and Monroe Sts.

3000 Subscribers

This Tells the Tale.

EAST TENNESSEE TELEPHONE CO.

BANKRUPT SALE

The Bankrupt Stock of Max J. Michelson, bought at 37 1/2¢ on the dollar, is now being sold at prices unheard of. The stock consists of Clothing, Shoes, Hats, Caps and Gents' Furnishing Goods. Don't fail to give us a call.

123 SOUTH SECOND ST.

J. J. Newman, Sale Manager.

There's Only One Way to Get Rich and That's by Saving.

If you resolve to save a certain portion, however small, of the money you earn, deposit it each month or oftener in our Bank at 4 per cent interest, you'll be pleased and surprised to find how quickly you will accumulate a substantial sum. We will loan you a Home Savings Bank to help you save. \$1.00 will open your account with us. Start today. We invite small accounts.



**Mechanics and
Farmers Savings Bank**
210 Broadway

BASEBALL NEWS

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Pittsburg, April 19.—Sagle's error is responsible for the only run of the game.

	R	H	E
Pittsburg	1	2	2
Chicago	0	6	2

Batteries—Leifield and Phelps; Brown and Moran.

Brooklyn, April 19.—Pastorius held the visitors down to two hits.

	R	H	E
Brooklyn	3	3	1
New York	0	2	2

Batteries—Pastorius and Ritter; Taylor and Bresnahan.

Philadelphia, April 19.—The locals won in a game marked by numerous errors.

	R	H	E
Philadelphia	10	8	5
Boston	8	10	6

Batteries—Pittinger and Doolin; Boules, Needham and Orndorf.

St. Louis-Cincinnati—Cold weather; no game.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Indianapolis

Minneapolis

Columbus

Milwaukee

Toledo

St. Paul

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	R	H	E
Chicago	2	8	1
St. Louis	0	7	0

	R	H	E
Boston	0	4	1
Washington	4	9	2

Batteries—Oberlin and Shaw; Hughes and Blankenship.

	R	H	E
Cleveland	0	3	2
Detroit	2	6	0

Batteries—Hess and Bemis; Mullin and Payne.

	R	H	E
New York	8	9	2
Philadelphia	4	9	0

Batteries—Clarkson, Keefe, Kleinow and Thomas; Coombs, Vickers and Berry.

Out of Sight.

"Out of sight, out of mind," is an old saying which applies with special force to a sore, burn or wound that's been treated with Bucklen's Arnica Salve. It's out of sight, out of mind and out of existence. Piles too and chilblains disappear under its healing influence. Guaranteed by all druggists.

Thaw Tragedy and Trial

Now on at
Kozy Electric Theater

On only short time, Ladies and children should attend mornings and afternoons to avoid night crowds. Come early or you will miss it. Special arrangements for colored patrons to see this great show. Remember the

KOZY THEATER
417 Broadway.
Just Back of Palmer House.

The Kentucky

BOTH PHONES 540.

COMMENCING

Monday Night

AND

BALANCE OF THE WEEK.

Blunkall-Atwood Co

WITH

MATINEES WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

High-class Royalty plays.

6—Big Vaudeville Acts—6

Special scenery for every play

OPENING BILL.

"THE TIDE OF LIFE"

LADIES FREE MONDAY NIGHT
UNDER USUAL CONDITIONS.

PRICES—

Matinee: Children 10c, Adults 20c

Night: 10, 20 and 30 cents.

Seats on sale Saturday 9 a. m.

THEATRICAL NOTES

High School Minstrel.

Threatening skies had no ill effect on the audience at the High school minstrel last night. It was the largest audience that ever has been to any of the entertainments given at the school, and everyone present enjoyed it, too. When the curtain was rolled back a pretty scene was disclosed. The stage was effectively decorated with the United States flag and dogwood blossoms, forming a background for the boys in white shirt waists and dark trousers. The four end men, David Yelser, Willy Reddick, Claude Epperheimer and John Rinkieff, exhibited plenty of wit and kept the audience in a good humor. Every number brought forth applause and an encore.

Robert Fisher's solo, "Good Night, Little Girl, Good Night," made a hit, and the quartette was a popular feature. "Eny Meny Miny Mo," was cleverly given by John Rinkieff and Claude Epperheimer, and Willy Reddick in his song brought down the house. David Yelser in "Lovin' Time" caused the audience to have a good laugh. Philip Gallagher proved he was a dancer of no mean ability.

For the second part a roaring farce was given and each member acquitted himself with credit. The minstrel was a success in every way and reflects credit on the boys and the faculty, which so capably trained the lads. A matinee was given this afternoon for the school children.

Miss Atwood's Work.

The Jackson Daily Sun says: "Sapho" greatly pleased a good sized audience at the Marlowe last evening. All the characters were well sustained. Miss Lillian Atwood as Fanny Legrand, gave an artistic performance of the social outcast, and Mr. Cecil Kirk made a very handsome Jean. Mr. Otto Thebus did his best work of the week as Dechelette, while Mr. Percy Barbet was quite amusing in the role of Uncle Caesar. Miss Kilduff is always good and in trying parts last evening had her usual large number of admirers. Tonight the "Plunger," a four act comedy drama, will be the bill. The balcony scene from "Romeo and Juliet" and the "Wizard of Wall Street" will be the double attraction for the matinee Saturday.

Montgomery Advertiser

Has the following to say of Cinderella which comes to the Kentucky Saturday matinee and night:

The beautiful problem play produced at Wells' Bijou last night certainly drew a large crowd and everybody went away pleased and had nothing but unstinted praise for the company and management, as well. The Alley-Musical Comedy company contains some very clever singers and comedians, pretty women, beautiful costumes. The scenic and electrical effects were exceedingly clever. Sweet music and the latest and most popular up-to-date songs were rendered. This clever company is here for three nights and a matinee for the children. Saturday, when the witch with her mice turned into ponies and the pumpkin transformed into a magic coach with hauled Cinderella to the grand ball room where the prince and all his handsomely gowned courtiers will receive her the funny old baron and the ugly sisters. The court fool and jester and all the different characters that you have read so much about will appear in real life to once more make the heart of the old as well as the young happy to see the beautiful lesson produced on the stage.

MR. H. C. HOOVER.

Promoted to Larger Territory by His Company.

Mr. H. C. Hoover, who has for the past five years been manager of the Remington Typewriter company's office in this city, has been transferred to the Memphis, Tennessee, office, effective as soon as he can perfect his arrangements. Mr. Hoover will still consider Paducah his home. Mr. W. A. McClure, of Louisville, will succeed Mr. Hoover, as manager of the Paducah office, and is now in the city receiving instructions.

There is one saloon in New York City for each 317 men, women and children residing within its borders.

Trials are to hold us, not to break us.

CUT FLOWERS.

Choices Carnations, per doz. . . . 50c
Roses, best grade per doz. . . \$1.04
Roman Hyacinths, white, per doz. 50c
A choice lot of bedding plants of all kinds.
Free delivery to any part of the city.

SCHMAUS BROS.
Both phones 192.

A Form of Food Already Digested



Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

A tonic-stimulant which keeps the old young and the young strong. It is invaluable for over-worked men, delicate women and sickly children. It cures consumption. Beware of cheap imitations and substitutes. They are dangerous. Guard against refilled bottles. Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is sold by all druggists, grocers and dealers, or direct, at \$1.00 a bottle. Doctor's advice and illustrated medical booklet sent free. Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.

THE KENTUCKY

MATINEE AND NIGHT

Tomorrow

Saturday, Apr. 20

Y. C. Alley's Musical Comedy Co.

Presenting the Great Fairy Spectacle

CINDERELLA

Prologue and Three Acts, Interpolated With
Up-to-Date Musical Numbers.

A Play for the Old as Well as the Young

Beautiful costumes, scenery and electrical effect. 20 specialties and musical numbers. Everything new but the title. Superb cast. Gorgeous production.

Owing to the large demand for seats you are advised to secure yours early as possible at the usual place.

BIG BARGAIN MATINEE

Prices: Children 10c, Adults 25c.

Night Prices 25c, 35c, 50c.

Seats now on Sale



Will find many interesting things in our store—money saving propositions

Here Are a Few Specials

- Men's low cut patent leather shoes, \$2.00 values, **\$1.39** go at, pair.
- Men's Patent Leather Bluchers, regular \$2.00 values, **\$1.39** go at, pair.
- Ladies' Dongola High Polish shoes; patent leather, regular \$1.25 value, go at, **98c**
- Men's Satin Calf in Bal, regular \$1.25 value, **98c**
- Men's Pants, regular \$1.25 value, in black Bedford Cord and Fancy Stripe Worsteds; just the thing for work or knockabout wear, go at **89c**
- One Lot Boys' Wool Knee Pants, regular 50c quality, **35c** go at, pair.
- One Lot Blue Overalls, as sold elsewhere at 50c, **35c** go at, pair.
- One lot Negligee Shirts, regular 50c and 75c values, collars attached or detached, or with 2 collars to match, **38c** go at.
- New Nobby Styles in Spring Suits, **\$6.50 to \$18**
A saving to you of \$2.50 to \$5 on every suit.

THE MODEL
112 SOUTH SECOND ST.
PADUCAH'S CHEAP CASH STORE

FIRE PROOF FILES.

Are Not Deemed Necessary By Magistrates.

Unfavorable will be the report of a committee appointed by fiscal court to investigate the price and need of steel files for the vault in circuit court. The committee is composed of Magistrates Hinch, Emery and Barnett, and yesterday met an agent for manufacturers of steel file

cases. To install the files will entail an expense of \$1,000, and the committee thinks the files are not really needed.

Family prevails among the natives of German East Africa; many of them live like cattle, on leaves and roots.

The average poet never sings of the joys of working until he gets beyond the stage where he has to work.

FIRE, WATER AND SMOKE

The entire stock of Clothing, Shoes, Hats, Caps and Gents' Furnishing Goods to be sold at less than one-third cost. Also a large line of Musical Instruments, Guns, Pistols, Sporting Goods and Jewelry—all slightly damaged by water. Entire stock must be sold at once, so come and get first choice.

Sale Starts Saturday, April 13, 9 a. m.

B. MICHAEL

211 BROADWAY, Near Second Street



YOU will be surprised and pleased at the value we are giving in Work Shoes—soft yet durable.

- \$1.25** Buys man's vent shoe—a splendid value, too. **\$1.25**
- \$1.50** Buys Man's seamless russet blucher—you can't match it price. **\$1.50**
- \$1.50** Buys man's old grain Creedmore, buckles or lace. **\$1.50**
- \$1.75** Buys man's seamless kip with gusset—one of the best. **\$1.75**

You can't tell much about shoes, we know, from reading the price. The prices we name above, however, are as cheap as if bought at wholesale. In addition we show you many space forbids mentioning.

Rudy, Phillips & Co.
219-223 BROADWAY

SUE EGGLESTON

SAID TO BE PLAYING HER TRADE ON SOUTH SIDE.

Sue's Son Said to Be Cause of Woman "Peaching" on Former Madam of Red Light.

For running a disorderly house Sue Eggleston, formerly of Kentucky avenue's "red light" district, was fined \$40 and costs by Police Judge D. A. Cross this morning.

Sue Eggleston resides at 408 George street and Lottie Schroeder contends that she has been permitting men to meet women at her house, and that she sold beer and liquor. All of the allegations were denied.

Will Alexander, alias Cootie Eggleston, was presented and dismissed of the charge of striking Lottie Schroeder.

Other cases: Ed Hermann, drunkenness, \$1 and costs.

Hard Times in Kansans.

The old days of grasshoppers and drought are almost forgotten in the prosperous Kansas of today; although a citizen of Codell, Earl Shamburg, has not yet forgotten a hard time he encountered. He says: "I was worn out and discouraged by coughing night and day, and could find no relief till I tried Dr. King's New Discovery. It took less than one bottle to completely cure me." The safest and most reliable cough and cold cure and lung and throat healer ever discovered. Guaranteed by all druggists, 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

WIFE WANTED DEATH TREATY.

Michigan Man Tells Court That His Bride Tried to Bury Him.

Adrian, Mich., April 19.—Arthur E. Mosher was today granted a divorce from Sarah Comfort Mosher for alleged cruelty of an unusual nature. Shortly after the marriage he claims his wife wanted him to enter into a suicide agreement, but he declined. Later they occupied separate bedrooms, and one night, he testified, she came into his room after he had retired and uncovered the magazine of the coal stove so the gas would escape. Another time while out driving he said she wanted him to drive in front of an approaching train. Both are Quakers.

A Criminal Attack.

on an inoffensive citizen is frequently made in that apparently useless little tube called the "appendix." It's generally the result of protracted constipation, following liver torpor. Dr. King's New Life Pills regulate the liver, prevent appendicitis, and establish regular habits of the bowels. 25c at all druggists.

NEW ODD FELLOWS' LODGE IS TO BE INSTITUTED

Over a dozen Paducah Odd Fellows will go to Smithland Wednesday, April 24, to institute a lodge of 45 members. For the past several weeks organizers have been busy in Smithland, and met with success from the start. A boat will probably be chartered to take the Paducah delegation up. Among those who will attend are C. G. Kelley, H. R. Judd, Turner Anderson, G. Z. Umbaugh and F. S. Diegel.

Look Out for Moths

But don't use the old-fashioned moth balls, with their offensive odor.

White Tar Moth Powder, 25c

Is more effective, has very little odor, and, being a powder, goes much farther.

White Tar Preserving Camphor, 25 Cents

Is a perfect disinfectant as well as a moth destroyer. It's a fine, clean white powder and this large box will last for months.

And while you are about the work of ousting insects, get a can of

Rudisch's Bug Destroyer

and exterminate all the bed bugs. It kills them off absolutely, as well as their broods.

GILBERT'S Drug Store

4th and Broadway

Agent for original Allegretti Candles

RIVER NEWS

River Stages.

Calro	29.2	0.6	fall
Chattanooga	6.5	0.0	at'd
Cincinnati	20.8	0.1	rise
Evansville	16.8	0.7	fall
Florence—Missing.			
Johnsontown	8.0	0.6	fall
Louisville	8.0	0.0	at'd
Mt. Carmel	5.5	0.1	fall
Nashville	11.5	0.4	fall
Pittsburg	6.2	0.3	rise
St. Louis	18.7	0.3	rise
Mt. Vernon	16.8	0.6	fall
Paducah	18.8	0.9	fall

Paducah will be visited by a real ocean-going tug tomorrow with the arrival of the A. J. Boardsley, from Memphis, one of the West Kentucky Coal company's boats. The Boardsley was bought in New York where it did towing for big vessels. It draws over 11 feet of water and frequently finds the Mississippi river at Memphis too shallow. The Boardsley will go on the ways here for repairs. Today in the respite between jobs, the ways' men are repairing the cradles.

The river continues to fall here, the light April showers having little effect on the stage. The fall since yesterday was .9, bringing the stage down to 18.8. On April 19 last year the river was at a stage of 30.2 feet. Business at the wharf was dull today.

Government Inspectors Green and St. John are in the city today and are inspecting the two excursion steamers J. S. and W. W. The W. W. having gotten off the ways yesterday, will have no trouble in passing and the only result of the inspection may be to order additional life-saving facilities, they being exclusively passenger carrying boats.

Announcement is made today that the City of Savannah has withdrawn from the St. Louis-Tennessee river trade until the summer excursion season opens. This will mean a lay-up of several weeks for the Savannah. Each year the excursion business out of northern cities becomes more popular, and as a hot summer is in prospect, the business out of Paducah will be better this year than last. The round trips of the Tennessee river packets affords a week's outing of a delightful character.

The Kentucky arrived last night from the Tennessee river, business up that stream being light this week. After unloading at Brookport the Kentucky will return and wait until Saturday evening before returning to the Tennessee river.

The Peters Lee arrived last night at 9 o'clock from Memphis and left a few hours later for Cincinnati.

Several of the towboats are due from long trips. The Lyda probably will arrive tomorrow and the Henrietta a day or so later. The Mary Michael has quit towing logs out of the Mississippi river and will get back into the tie business.

The Georgia Lee will arrive Saturday afternoon from Cincinnati going south to Memphis.

The Joe Fowler arrived and departed in the Evansville trade today. Business was fair for the Dick Fowler going down to Calro this morning.

Official Forecasts.

The Ohio from Evansville to Calro will continue falling during the next two or three days.

The Tennessee from Florence to the mouth will continue falling during the next 24 hours.

The Mississippi from Chester to above Calro, and the Wabash at Mt. Carmel no material change during the next 24 hours.

His Dear Old Mother.

"My dear old mother, who is now eighty three years old, thrives on Electric Bitters," writes W. B. Brinson, of Dublin, Ga. "She has taken them for about two years and enjoys an excellent appetite, feels strong and sleeps well." That's the way Electric Bitters affect the aged, and the same happy results follow in all cases of female weakness and general debility. Weak, puny children too, are greatly strengthened by them. Guaranteed also for stomach, liver and kidney troubles, by all druggists, 50c.

TOBACCO MARKET.

238 Hogheads Received in Paducah During Week.

Sales of tobacco for the week just ending aggregated 182 hogheads, and receipts 238. Following is the report compiled in hogheads by Inspector Ed R. Miller:

Receipts, week	238
Year	2,821
Offerings, week	50
Year	499
Rejections	6
Pr. Sampling	150
Pr. Sales	127
Sales week	182
Year	1,597

He possesses nothing to whom his posse-tions are everything.

Danderine

Grew Miss Wallace's Hair

AND WE CAN

PROVE IT.

EVERYBODY CAN HAVE NICE HAIR NOW, and you don't have to wait around weeks and months for results either. You will see improvements from the very first application.

Her Hair Takes on New Life and Grows 3 Feet Longer than it was Before.

KNOWLTON DANDERINE CO. Gentlemen: Your Danderine has made my hair grow over three feet longer than it was when I began its use. It is now over five feet long and keeps right on growing, it seems to fairly crawl out of my scalp, it is so glossy and nice too. Danderine will always have my best wishes. Sincerely, JEANETTE WALLICE.

This GREAT HAIR-GROWING REMEDY can now be had at all Druggists in three sizes, 25c., 50c. and \$1.00 per bottle.

FREE To show how quickly Danderine acts we will send a large sample free by return mail to anyone who sends this advertisement to the Knowlton Danderine Co., Chicago, with their name and address and ten cents in silver or stamps to pay postage.



JEANETTE WALLICE, 343 W. 14th Street, NEW YORK CITY.

I. C. CHANGES.

Schedules on New Time Card Just Received Here.

Copies of the new time table of the Illinois Central railroad have been received here. Changes are made in the arrival and departure of the following trains: Calro, Chicago and St. Louis train that arrived at 7:10 o'clock, now arrives at 8:35 o'clock p. m.; Louisville and Cincinnati that left at 1:48 o'clock and arrived at 3:40 o'clock a. m., now leaves at 1:33 o'clock a. m.; and arrives at 3:52 o'clock a. m.; the Memphis-New Orleans train that arrived at 1:43 o'clock a. m., now departed at 3:45 o'clock a. m., now arrives at 1:28 o'clock a. m. and leaves at 3:57 o'clock a. m.

DAVIS STATUE

Drawn Through Richmond's Streets by School Children.

Richmond, Va., April 19.—The bronze statue of Jefferson Davis for a monument to his memory, which will be unveiled here June 3rd, was drawn through the streets to the monument site today by nearly 3,000 children, who did the hauling by means of a double rope two or three squares long. The children were led by the Leo and Pickett camps of Confederate veterans. The scene was especially inspiring and was witnessed by thousands of people.

WE have bought the entire stock of Caps of Henry W. Eddleman, the finest hatter in the South. His line of Spring Caps for golf, porch, house and traveling had just arrived. He sold them for 50c, 75c and \$1.00. We will put the entire lot on sale SATURDAY MORNING at 35c and 50c.

Come quick and get choice of the lot. :: :: :: ::

THE BARGAIN STORE

314 Broadway.

Robbers Hold Up Town.

Peoria, Ill., April 19.—Safe blowers wrecked the Bank of Weston at Weston, Ill., 50 miles east of this city at 1 o'clock this morning (Friday)

day) with three separate charges of dynamite. About \$2,000 in currency was secured and the robbers escaped after holding the entire town in a state of terror for more than an hour.

The American Lady Shoes

Here Are Two Illustrations of the New Styles of This Splendid Shoe

THE American Lady Shoes combine style with comfort. The product of specialists, every known art that add to beauty and snug fit contributes to make it the best popular price shoe made.

We are showing these shoes in a great range of the new styles and in all of the popular leathers, kids, calfs, gun metal, patent leathers, in low or high shoes, tan or black.

The Prices Are \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50.

We shall present a handsome picture to every purchaser of a pair of Lady's Shoes tomorrow—one of the prettiest works of pictorial art you have seen for a long time. On exhibition in our store.

Lendler & Lydon

309 Broadway.



The Paducah Sun.

AFTERNOON AND WEEKLY
BY THE SUN PUBLISHING CO.INCORPORATED
F. M. FISHER, President.
E. J. PAXTON, General Manager.SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
Entered at the postoffice at Paducah,
Ky., as second class matter,THE DAILY SUN
By Carrier, per week 10
By mail, per month, in advance . . . 25
By mail, per year, in advance . . . \$2.50THE WEEKLY SUN
For year, by mail, postage paid . \$1.00
Address THE SUN, Paducah, Ky.Office, 115 South Third. Phone 358
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York, representatives.THE SUN can be found at the follow-
ing places:
R. D. Clements & Co.
Van Culin Bros.
Palmer House.
John Wilhelm's.

FRIDAY, APRIL 19.

CIRCULATION STATEMENT.

March—1907.

March 1..3885	March 16..3792
March 2..3846	March 17..3882
March 3..3890	March 18..3871
March 4..3890	March 19..3870
March 5..3890	March 20..3870
March 6..3891	March 21..3872
March 7..3891	March 22..3775
March 8..3876	March 23..3806
March 9..3820	March 24..3870
March 10..3846	March 25..3772
March 11..3895	March 26..3823
March 12..3943	March 27..3809
March 13..3848	March 28..3813
March 14..3783	March 29..3943
March 15..3783	March 30..3813
Total	99,943
Average for March, 1907.....	3844
Average for March, 1906.....	3790
Increase	54

Personally appeared before me, this April 1, 1907, E. J. Paxton, general manager of The Sun, who affirms that the above statement of the circulation of The Sun for the month of March, 1907, is true to the best of his knowledge and belief.

PETER PURYEAR,
Notary Public
My commission expires January 22, 1908.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For Mayor.

The Sun is authorized to announce Charles Reed as a candidate for mayor, subject to any action of the Democratic party.

The Sun is authorized to announce Thomas B. Harrison as a candidate for mayor subject to the action of the Democratic primary May 2, 1907.

For City Assessor.

The Sun is authorized to announce J. W. Orr as a candidate for the office of City Assessor, subject to the action of the Democratic primary May 2, 1907.

The Sun is authorized to announce the candidacy of Stewart Dick for the office of city assessor, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

For City Treasurer.

The Sun is authorized to announce J. W. McKnight as a candidate for the office of City Treasurer subject to the action of the Democratic party.

For City Attorney.

The Sun is authorized to announce the candidacy of John C. Miller, Jr., as a candidate for city attorney subject to the action of the Democratic primary, May 2, 1907.

Daily Thought.

Things sublime always are simple at heart.

CHASE CHARTER TINKERING.

If the charter of second-class cities really needs reformation—and we are ready to accept that opinion—by all means let a committee of representative citizens—not a lot of politicians actuated by the spirit of barter and exchange—meet somewhere and revise the whole instrument, so that it shall last for a decade without any more tinkering.

It is this pernicious tinkering with such instruments that destroys their efficacy. When originally drawn, no matter how crude, the authors of the charter have some distinct, consistent idea of municipal government running all through the instrument. Even though unsatisfactory, it is harmonious as a whole. But when the politicians get through with it, the charter is a patchwork of compromises, representing no needs of the people of the various cities affected, but the desires of their respective political bosses or gangs, who support each other's measures, on the principal of "you scratch my back and I'll scratch your's." Covington had a politician out of a job, so a new office was created. A certain crowd in Paducah needed some more policemen, not so much to aid Democracy at the polls, as to strengthen its own clutches on the throat of local Democracy at the primary. And so the charter is amended and amended until a Philadelphia lawyer could not tell what it means, or it was originally intended to mean.

As City Solicitor Campbell says, we have lived long enough under the second class city rule to know what

we want in the way of fundamental law and what system of municipal government is best suited for our needs. He has seen the expense of trying lawsuits on the construction of the charter, the loss occasioned to the city by the jealousy of executive boards, and the dangers the city has been in innumerable times, of which the citizens know nothing, just because the charter is ambiguous, and we agree with the solicitor that it would be economy to spend a few hundred dollars to have the matter straightened out.

THE CITY BEAUTIFUL.

"Beautiful Paducah" is an appellation, to which the busiest city on the Ohio river may well aspire; for like Cinderella our thrifty port is slipping out of the calico in which she has worked her way back from the straggling river front to the hills west of Twenty-fifth street, for the slither sheen of the blue grass and plumate trees that will shortly line the center of Jefferson boulevard for two miles and rustle before the eyes of strangers, in the Tenth street park. Newer towns are built around central parks, but few cities this size can boast of a boulevard system, with which Paducah will connect a chain of parks, as yet only in contemplation, but certain of realization. We have no fear of the future of our city beautiful. Pride will spring into being and public sentiment demand immediate gratification of a newly awakened taste for the beautiful, when the people see the transformation to be worked by the board of park commissioners. And it will make Paducah better. Estheticism properly developed through the senses of sight and hearing purify and ennoble. Squalor and dirt and ugliness pauperize the sensibilities. Not only must we continually struggle toward the attainment of the perfect in our show streets, but we must improve the worst ones. There are two objects of accomplishment for which Paducah must strive: the redemption of the river front with a park, and the improvement of the cheaper tenement quarters. Poor people are more or less at the mercy of their landlords. They must live where they can find cheap houses. The result is that frame structures of the "gunbarrel" type are placed on stilts over backwater bogs, regular malaria breeders, and Paducah is thus caused to rear a generation of anemic to fatten the purses of a few landlords. There is a drastic remedy for this latter evil: Tax assessment proportionate to the returns on the investment and sewers and municipal works that will require the improvement of the property. Public health, the city beautiful and industrial development are intimately and indissolubly associated.

Divorce schools from politics—school politics—reorganize the non-partisan school league; organize mother's clubs, arouse public interest in the welfare of the schools to a point where the people demand acquaintance with actual conditions: Mrs. Herbert Mengel corroborates with her wide knowledge of the subject the insistence of The Sun.

Initiative and referendum compose Bryan's latest national whim. We observe that Mr. Bryan initiates all these policies, he advocates, but he falls down on the referendum part of them.

Mayor Yelzer, the father of parks in Paducah, deserves to be perpetuated in the name of the first one.

Good morning. Do your eggs bear the union label?

SAIL FOR HOME.

Secretary Taft and Party on Board the Mayflower.

San Juan, Porto Rico, April 19.—Secretary Taft and his party sailed for home on the dispatch boat Mayflower at noon today, accompanied by Deekman Winthrop, the retiring governor of Porto Rico and Mrs. Winthrop Mrs. Taft and Miss Marjorie Ide. An immense crowd of people bade the secretary farewell. The insular troops escorted the party from the palace, through streets lined with people waving good-byes to the Winthrops.

FOUR OPEN SHOPS.

Contracting Painters Decline to Sign New Scale.

Permanent "open shop" has been declared by four contracting painters, Charles D. Warren, Robert Tyree, Walter Pell and Fred Perry, and the union painters who are holding out for higher wages have these contractors on the "unfair list." The matter really stands as it has since the first of the month, except for the open refusal of contractors to sign the new scale.

Brought Back Lindo Murphy. Wade Brown, deputy United States marshal, returned this morning from Mayfield with Lindo Murphy, who was released today after serving his jail sentence for bootlegging.

ROOT MAKES CLEAR
PRISCO INCIDENT

(Continued from First page.)

shall enjoy full and perfect protection for their persons and property.

"In whatever relates to rights of residence and travel; to the possession of goods and effects of any kind; to the succession to personal estate, by will or otherwise, and the disposal of property of any sort and in any manner whatsoever which they may lawfully acquire, the citizens or subjects of each contracting party shall enjoy in territories of the other the same privileges, liberties and rights, and shall be subject to no higher imposts or charges in these respects than native citizens or subjects or citizens or subjects of the most favored nation."

California Laws.

The statute of California establishes the public school system required by the constitution. They provide that the state comptroller must each year "estimate the amount necessary to raise the sum of seven dollars for each census child between the ages of five and seventeen years in the said state of California, which shall be the amount necessary to be raised by ad valorem tax for the school purposes during the year."

The statutes further provide, in section 1662 of the school law:

"Every school, unless otherwise provided by law, must be open for the admission of all children between six and twenty-one years of age residing in the district, and the board of school trustees, or city board of education, have power to admit adults and children not residing in the district, whenever good reasons exist therefor. Trustees shall have the power to exclude children of filthy or vicious habits, or children suffering from contagious or infectious diseases, and also to establish separate schools for Indian children and for children of Mongolian or Chinese descent. When such separate schools are established, Indian, Chinese or Mongolian children must not be admitted into any other school."

On the 11th of October, 1906, the board of education of San Francisco adopted a resolution in these words: "Resolved, That in accordance with Article X, section 1662, of the school law of California, principals are hereby directed to send all Chinese, Japanese or Korean children to the Oriental public school, situated on the south side of Clay street, between Powell and Mason streets, on and after Monday, October 15, 1906."

The Situation.

The school system thus provided school privileges for all resident children, whether citizen or alien; all resident children were included in the basis for estimating the amount to be raised by taxation for school purposes; the fund for the support of the school was raised by general taxation upon all property of resident aliens as well as of citizens; and all the resident children, whether of aliens or of citizens, were liable to be compelled to attend the schools. So that, under the resolution of the board of education, the children of resident aliens of all other nationalities were freely admitted to the schools of the city in the neighborhood of their homes, while the children of Indians, Chinese and Japanese were excluded from those schools, and were not only deprived of education unless they consented to go to the special oriental school on Clay street, but were liable to be forcibly compelled to go to that particular school.

After the passage of this resolution, admission to the ordinary pri-

SATISFACTORY
EYE-GLASSES

When a fellow gets a thing there's satisfaction in knowing that it's right—just right. When you get them from us you're satisfied.

EYES EXAMINED FREE

STEINFELD OPTICAL CO.

Optical Headquarters of Paducah.
609 BROADWAY

mary schools of San Francisco was denied to Japanese children, and thereupon the government of Japan made representations to the government of the United States that inasmuch as the children of residents who were citizens of all other foreign countries were freely admitted to the schools, the citizens of Japan residing in the United States were, by that exclusion, denied the same privileges, liberties and rights relating to the rights relating to the right of residence which were accorded to the citizens or subjects of the most-favored nation. The questions thus raised were promptly presented by the government of the United States to the federal court in California, and also to the state court of California, in appropriate legal proceedings. The matter has been happily disposed of without proceedings to judgment in either case; but in the meantime there was much excited discussion of the subject in the newspapers and in public meetings and in private conversation.

It is a pleasure to be able to say that never for a moment was there, as between the government of the United States and the government of Japan, the slightest departure from perfect good temper, mutual confidence, and kindly consideration; and that no sooner had the views and purposes of the governments of the United States, the state of California, and the city of San Francisco been explained by each to the other than entire harmony and good understanding resulted, with a common desire to exercise the powers vested in each, for the common good of the whole country, of the state, and of the city.

The excitement has now subsided, so that it may be useful to consider what the question really was, not because it is necessary for the purpose of that particular case, but because of its bearing upon cases which may arise in the future under the application of the treaty-making power of the United States to other matters, and in other parts of the national domain.

Three Distinct Questions.

It is obvious that three distinct questions were raised by the claim originating with Japan and presented by our national government to the courts in San Francisco. The first and second were merely questions of construction of the treaty. Was the right to attend the primary schools a right, liberty or privilege of residence? and, if so, was the limitation of Japanese children to the oriental school and their exclusion from the ordinary schools a deprivation of that right, liberty or privilege? These questions of construction, and especially the second, are by no means free from doubt; but as they concern only the meaning of a particular clause in a particular treaty they are not of permanent importance, and, the particular occasion for their consideration having passed, they need not now be discussed.

The other question was whether, if the treaty had the meaning which the government of Japan ascribed to it, the government of the United States had the constitutional power to make such a treaty agreement with a foreign nation which should be superior to and controlling upon the laws of the state of California. A correct understanding of that question is of the utmost importance not merely as regards the state of California, but as regards all states and all citizens of the Union.

There was a very general misapprehension of what this treaty really undertook to do. It was assumed that in making and asserting the validity of the treaty of 1894 the United States was asserting the right to compel the state of California to admit Japanese children to its schools. No such question was involved. That

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS.

"Life consists not in living, but in enjoying health."

We could all enjoy health if we conformed to Nature's simple laws. Disease is merely a result of the non-observance of those laws, either by negligence, accident or ignorance. These reasons are, as a rule, of little consequence after disease becomes manifest and properly diagnosed. It is the nature of the treatment and the results obtained that concern you.

Nature is the ever present factor in the cure of disease. The Osteopath appreciates this fact, and uses all means that are natural, recognizing and using diet, air, water, exercise and other hygienic measures as natural assistants to scientific manipulations to secure normality to any and all structure disturbances.

I should be pleased to refer you, at any time, to Paducah people you know well who can attest to what Osteopathy has done for them in cases of rheumatism, asthma, neuralgia, nervousness, stomach, liver, and bowel troubles, eczema, sick headaches, gripple conditions, malaria, lumbago, disturbed blood conditions. If you are ill you owe it to yourself to investigate Osteopathy. Dr. G. B. FROGE, 516 Broadway, Phone 1407.



FIFTEEN DOLLARS is a popular price for a man's suit, yet the man who has that amount to invest in a suit is often disappointed at the small choice he has for the price.

This is not the situation, however, at this store, for we always make it a particular point to come out very strong on our Fifteen Dollar Men's Suits.

This season we are showing some extraordinary \$15.00 suits—suits cut in the latest styles from choice fabrics and tailored to perfection by the most skillful workmen.

If you are a Fifteen Dollar Suit buyer, sir, it will be worth your while to see our line of suits at this price with the fact well impressed upon your mind that, when you buy here, it's always "money back," if you want it.

The Only Clothing Store That Carries the
"UNION STORE CARD"

323
BroadwayDESBERGER'S
GRAND LEADER
FURNISHERS and CLOTHIERS323
Broadway

For Quick Action Use SUN Want Ads.



Juvenile Clothes

A Splendid Display of the
New Things for the Boys.

EVERY day adds to the great number of pleased mothers who have visited our Children's Department. They express delight at the surprising values.

It is a pleasure to buy here, as selections are so easy. With the great range of styles and patterns, and prices, you find just what you want—a low price, good quality suit, or a high price splendidly made and beautiful pattern suit. The price is always under what you usually pay elsewhere.

Drop in in passing and visit us. A call is in no way an obligation to buy, but we want you to see the new, good things at The New Store.

Our price range is from
\$2.50 to \$10.

WOODMEN AUXILIARY.
District Organizer J. W. Helsley and others of the Woodmen of the World lodge, will go to Alamo, California Sunday to participate in a monument unveiling. The monument is placed over the grave of Mr. J. B. Alexander.

ROY L. CULLEY & Co.
415 to 417 BROADWAY
OUTFITTERS TO MEN AND BOYS

Rudy, Phillips & Co.
515-223 BROADWAY

Garments of Style and Quality

In our Ready-to-Wear Department for your new Spring Suit. In the last week we have received many attractive suits for your selection, and for the woman who wants style and quality to individualize her dress for spring, combined with superb fit, at a moderate cost, should visit this section and let us show her just such garments.

Suits \$17.50 to \$35
Skirts \$5.90 to \$17.50
Second Floor.

LOCAL NEWS

—For Dr. Peasley, ring 416.
—For Copeland's stable phone 100
—Dr. Gilbert, osteopath, 400½ Broadway. Phone 196.
—Magnolia Grove, Woodmen will have an initiation tonight.
—Drink Belvedere, the master brew.

—Belvedere beer is a home product. Remember that.
—Mr. George Barrett yesterday was removed from Riverside hospital to his home, Sixth and Husbards streets, in the Guy Nance ambulance.

—Commencing at once, all ice cream delivered at residences will be sent C. O. D. H. G. Thompson.

—Fine carnations at 50c per dozen at Brunson's, 529 Broadway.
—Mr. Roy Ballowe gave a dance at Red Men's hall last night. It was largely attended.

—You know your calling cards are correct when they come from the Sun office. Script cards and plate, \$1.50 a hundred; the Old English at \$3.00.

—The United States civil service commission announces examinations for this district as follows: Teacher and assistant, Philippine service, May 1-2.

—Wedding invitations, announcements and every character of engraved work is given careful, personal attention at the Sun job office.
—Souvenir book of the city just the thing to send your friends abroad for sale at R. D. Clements & Co.

—The Illinois Central pay car will pass Paducah again this afternoon en route to Louisville from Cairo. The car has just finished paying off on southern lines.

—City subscribers to the Daily Sun who wish the delivery of their papers stopped must notify our collectors or make their requests direct to The Sun office. No attention will be paid to such orders when given to our carriers. Sun Publishing Co.
—Phil Skinner, colored, who has just finished serving a term in county jail for petit larceny, yesterday was taken to Mayfield to answer to the charge of house breaking.

—Drink Belvedere, the Paducah beer.
At the Ideal Meat Market you can get red sauer, Spanish mackerel and shrimp croquettes, 512 Broadway. Both phones 742.

—The Memphis Asphalt and Paving company this morning started work of improving First street from Broadway to Washington streets.

—Place your orders for wedding invitations at home. The Sun is showing as great an assortment as you will find anywhere at prices much lower than you will have to pay elsewhere.

—James Brown, colored, 5 years old, died of fever at 427 South Seventh street this morning and his body was taken to Mayfield this afternoon for burial.

—We give you better carriage and better service for the money, than is given by any transfer company in America. Fine carriages for special occasions on short notice, also elegant livery rigs. Palmer Transfer Co.

—The E. P. Gilson delivery wagon horse ran its head through a Trimble street car yesterday afternoon at Sixth and Jefferson streets. The horse's head was slightly cut and the window broken out, being the only damage done.

—Buy the Earthquake Carpet Cleaner, the best on earth, at Blederman's.

—Patrolman Albert Senger, one of the oldest in point of service, and most popular policeman in Paducah, resigned from the force today.

Fruit and Truck Damage.
Chattanooga, Tenn., April 19.—Advices from throughout the Chattanooga district report damage to the fruit and truck interests aggregating over \$400,000 by the late frosts and unusual cold weather of last week. Peaches are reported a total loss.

PEOPLE AND SOCIAL EVENTS

The Woman's Club.

The Woman's club met in regular bi-weekly session yesterday afternoon at the parish house of Grace Episcopal church. A business meeting was held from 3 until 4 o'clock with several items of importance transacted. It was unanimously voted that the club use every means to secure the meeting to the Kentucky Federation of Women's clubs for Paducah in 1908. To represent the club at the coming meeting in June at Shelbyville and work for this end the following were elected delegates: Mrs. James A. Rudy, president of the club; alternate, Mrs. Elbridge Palmer; Mrs. George C. Wallace, alternate; Miss Elizabeth Sinnott; Mrs. Muscoe Burnett, alternate; Mrs. Edmund M. Post; Miss Anna Webb, alternate; Mrs. Henry Overby; Mrs. Bill G. Boone, alternate; Miss Adine Morton. These are in addition to the delegates already selected by the Delphic and Magazline clubs which are members of the Federation. * Green, gold and white were adopted for the club colors, which combine the green and gold of the Delphic club and the gold and white of the Magazine club.

It was decided to celebrate the opening of the Woman's club house with an evening reception making it an event of especial social interest. It is expected to have the club house completed the last of May or the first of June. Each club woman will be permitted to invite a gentleman.

The Woman's club will have one day at the Chautauqua assembly this year, and "Woman's Club Day" will be made quite a feature. The Woman's club, also, has been given the refreshment privileges of the grounds during the Chautauqua, which is quite a profitable venture.

The open meeting of the club was held at 4 o'clock and was in charge of the educational department of the club of which Mrs. Henry C. Overby is the chairman. It was a very delightful occasion with a brilliant address by Mrs. Herbert W. Mengel, of Louisville, chairman of the education committee of the Kentucky Federation of Women's clubs, as the feature of interest. The platform was prettily decorated with dogwood branches and palms that made an effective background for the attractive speaker. The hall was crowded with club women and visitors.

Silhouette Social.

The social committee of the Senior Epworth league of the Broadway Methodist church will have a "Silhouette party" this evening in the league parlors of the church upstairs. A number of silhouettes of local people have been secured and a guessing contest will be a feature of interest. Delightful candy will be made on chafing dishes and served during the evening. The young people of the church and friends of the league are cordially invited.

High School Opening Hour.

Mrs. A. R. Meyers, president of the High School Alumni association, addressed the High school this morning during the opening exercise hour. By especial request of the faculty, Mrs. Meyers gave her talk on "Sidney Lanier," recently made before the Alumni. It was a clever handling of a fine subject. The points of interest and lessons of Lanier's brave life-struggle were emphasized and his ever enlarging importance in the literary world of today brought out with a resume of his writings. It was a pleasant and profitable opening hour feature.

Mrs. C. P. Ellithrope, of Oklahoma City, is in the city visiting relatives. Mrs. Laura Dunn, of Smithland, was visiting in the city today. Mr. John Albert is acting time keeper in the Illinois Central shops.

In place of Mr. Joe Mattison, Jr., who was married last night to Miss Bertie Clark.

Little Miss Sophia Thompson, of Jackson and Fourth streets, is visiting relatives in Bandana.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Elms Holmes, of Sixteenth and Tennessee streets, a son last night.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Finis Fields, foreman of the Illinois Central wrecking crew, a son last night.

Mr. James Hutchinson, the well known Illinois Central blacksmith who injured his right hand a week ago, is at work today.

Attorney D. H. Hughes went to Murray this morning on professional business.

Mr. J. E. Winston, of Sturgis, is in the city on business.

J. E. Smith, the Illinois Central blacksmith, who was injured in the right eye by hot metal striking the pupil, is back at work. He will not be permanently injured by the accident.

Mr. Sam Smith, of Cadiz, is in Paducah with a view of locating.

Mr. E. J. Harvick has just returned from his home in Vienna, Ill., after a visit to relatives.

Conductor C. M. Wilkins, of the Illinois Central, has returned from Indianapolis, where he had been on business.

Mr. James W. Fleming has gone to Louisville to reside.

Judge L. D. Hushands is able to be at his office after a short confinement at home the result of a fall.

The Rev. Calvin M. Thompson yesterday returned from attending the Bible institute at Murray.

Mrs. Mae Rieke and daughter, Mrs. John W. Scott, have gone to visit in St. Louis, where Mr. Scott will join them Sunday.

Miss Ivey Lee Wadlington, of Newbern, Tenn., is visiting here.

Mrs. P. D. Warren, of Chicago, is visiting Mrs. William Brainerd.

Mr. Luther Moss and bride, nee Miss Ruth Brandon, have arrived from Memphis, where they were married.

Mr. Thomas Davis, the well known Smithland merchant, is in the city on business.

Mr. Frank Selts, of Terre Haute, Ind., is visiting his uncle, Magistrate John J. Blech, of 907 Clark street.

Mrs. M. S. Ross, of Dover, Tenn., and Miss Dixie Thomas, of Cumberland City, Tenn., are visiting the former's son, Hon. J. S. Ross, the attorney, of North Fifth street.

Mr. Clem J. Blech, of Jackson, Tenn., is spending a few days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John J. Blech, 907 Clark street.

Manager Thomas Roberts, of the Kentucky theater, has returned from visiting his mother in Nashville.

Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Whitney, of Covington, Tenn., arrived yesterday to visit their daughter, Mrs. W. S. Alden, wife of the assistant city engineer. Mr. Whitney is en route home from attending the Knights of Honor grand lodge meeting at Nashville. He has been the representative of the Illinois Central railroad at Covington for 30 years.

Mr. George Carroll, of St. Louis, traveling freight agent of the Union Pacific railroad, is in the city today.

Mrs. Frank L. Welland, of 2401 Jefferson street, has returned from a visit to her former home in Birmingham, Ala. Mrs. W. A. Brown, her mother, accompanied her and will be her guest for a month.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Holley, of St. Louis, are visiting in the city.

Judge Robbins of Mayfield, visited in the city today.

Mrs. K. C. Hall, of Mayfield, was in the city today.

Miss Ida Glah, of 1440 Trimble street, left today for Central City to visit.

Mrs. Herbert Mengel, who has been the guest of Mrs. Muscoe Burnett, left today for Louisville.

Mr. W. L. Krone, of Kuttawa, returned today after a business trip to the city.

Mr. Holley Anderson, of Mayfield, was in the city today.

Mr. Harold Fisher, of the engineering department of the Pennsylvania railroad at Chicago, is the guest of his parents, Postmaster and Mrs. F. M. Fisher, of 901 Jefferson street.

Mrs. J. C. McElaney and son John, of Kennett, Mo., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Smith, Jr.

1,000 VOTERS FACE ARREST.

Prosecutions to Be Begun in Allegheny, Pa., for Illegal Work.

Pittsburg, April 19.—Nearly 1,000 voters of Allegheny will be charged with criminal offenses within the next few days as the result of an investigation of the last election. The Voters' Civic League managed to get its agents into the political organizations for the purpose of discovering who issued 1,000 bogus tax receipts in the first six wards. This evidence is now said to be in the hands of the prosecutors, and it is expected that information will be filed at once before some aldermen. All of the defendants will be charged with illegal voting.

IN THE COURTS

Deeds Filed.

Frank Levin to J. H. Burnett, property on Tennessee street, \$1 and other considerations.

W. C. O'Bryau to J. O. Traugher, property in the O'Bryau addition, \$300.

Mike Michael to Mollie Michael, property near Madison on Seventh street, \$1 and other considerations.

Katie C. Thomas to Coraella A. Austin, property on North Thirteenth street, \$700.

Marriage Licenses.

William I. Rutherford to Myrtle Arnold.

Joseph E. Mattison, Jr., to Bertie Clark.

James White, 21 years old, to Mattie Northington, 18, city, colored.

County Court.

John B. Nall has qualified as a notary public.

John B. Nall qualified as a notary public.

Circuit Court.

Lizzie Jones filed suit against Herman Jones in circuit court for divorce alleging abandonment. They were married in December, 1905, and separated in 1906.

In Bankruptcy.

An appraisal of real estate in the John F. Watson bankruptcy case, Livingston county, was ordered by Referee Hagby. Several lots were sold by Watson before the act of bankruptcy, and an order of court set the sales aside.

Supplementary petition was filed this morning by the American-German National bank in the E. Rehnkopf Saddle company bankruptcy case, electing to claim \$19,000 alleged to have been advanced the firm on certain drafts and notes on the grounds that the money advanced was "supplies." In bankruptcy "supplies" give a priority in liens, and the bank is seeking to secure the above amount out of funds derived from the sale of property.

Referee E. W. Hagby has not decided the numerous liens filed in the case, and will await further argument.

Circuit Court.

After a session of 18 days the regular term of McCracken criminal court came to a close this morning.

Judge Reed this morning allowed the accounts of Jailer James Eaker, Chief of Police James Collins, Police Judge D. A. Cross, Sheriff John Ogilvie and others. Only a few minor orders were made.

The case of the city of Paducah against Patrick McGarrigal, suit for back taxes, was dismissed.

In the case of George against flat-tie Dicks a motion was entered to set aside the judgment but no action taken.

Monday the regular April civil term will begin. Monday, April 29, the jury will be empaneled and the ordinary docket will doubtless be cleared in three weeks.

BULLET IN HIS HEAD.

I. C. Section Hand Is in Hopeless Condition.

With a bullet imbedded in his head, Henry Twigg, 30 years old, a negro section laborer on the Illinois Central at Fulton, lies in the local railroad hospital in a hopeless condition. Twigg got into a fight Wednesday near Fulton and was shot. The bullet entered his head just above the left ear and ranged downward. It is thought it went into the neck and all attempts made to find it are futile.

How carefully our journalists deal with our language! "She is left penniless, having only one shilling and fivepence," is a phrase I came across in the Mail the other morning.

Perfection is found in few things.

but for Easy Writing Quality and Style
Berlin's Batiste Stationery
is pronounced by constant users as Perfection!
Made in correct sizes for all purposes and in various tints.
The Berlin & Jones Co. Makers New York
BERLIN'S PERFECT BATISTE PAPER
Is sold by
D. E. WILSON, the Book and Music Man
At Harbors Department Store.

SWING IN ONE

of

Hart's Lovely Porch Swings

They R
Strong,
Adjustable
and pretty

The price is very low
Kall and C.

GEO. O. HART & SONS CO.

Incorporated.

WANT ADS.

MITCHELLS for high-grade bicycles, 326-328 South Third street.

HORTON-SINE—the painters and paperhangers. Old phone 2001.

QUICK MEALS at all hours, Buchanan's 219 Kentucky avenue.

FOR RENT—Large six-room cottage Reasonable rent 514 Adams.

FOR RENT—Good room with board, 326 South Third.

WANTED—Second-hand roller top desk phone 139.

FOR SALE—Nice harness horse. Apply 1729 Madison.

WANTED—Position as stenographer. Competent. New phone 493.

BUCHANAN'S restaurant. Open day and night, 219 Kentucky avenue.

GET YOUR MEALS at 326 South Third.

FOR Heating and Stove-wood ring 437 F. Levin.

FOR RENT—Furnished front room. Apply at 509 Washington St.

CLOTHES cleaned, pressed, repaired. Jas. Duffy, Phone 959-a.

FOR SALE—Bay family horse, 623 North Fourth.

WANTED—Girl for general house work. Call 702 South 16th street.

FURNISHED ROOM for rent, 318 Adams. Old phone 2456.

FOR SALE—Complete laundry outfit. Apply to C. A. Isbell, 509 South Seventh street, phone 720.

FOR RENT—Desirable apartments. Modern conveniences. Hecht flats, 514 Adams.

PAPER CLEANING and Painting. Old Phone 2029. C. S. Creason. Work guaranteed and done by union labor.

ASK your grocer for Smith & Butze's Bread and Cakes. Telephone 69-a.

FOR RENT—Third floor over Frank Just's barber shop, 117 N. 4th St. Apply F. M. Fisher, Post Office.

ONE nice front room furnished for rent. Bath and all modern conveniences. Apply 918 Broadway.

SIX ROOM house for rent, 1270 South Sixth street. Apply to Joe Mattison, Phone 2111.

FOR SALE—Household furniture. Apply 219 N. Sixth, Ring 80. New Phone.

WHEN in a hurry, go to Buchanan's 219 Kentucky avenue, for your lunch.

CURTAINS OF all descriptions washed and ironed for 35 cents per pair, 1102 Washington.

FURNITURE EXCHANGE, 205 South Third, buys furniture and stoves. New phone 900-a.

LOST—A watch chain, between I. C. shops and Tenth and Ohio. Return to The Sun office.

ROOMS for rent, furnished or unfurnished, 726 Jefferson street, O'd phone 1205.

WANTED—An all-around blacksmith and shoer. Apply at once to Wm. Sasseen, Osceola, Ark.

FOR SALE—Brick house. Six rooms, hall and bath room. Lot 42½ x 165. Apply to J. M. Dunlap, 1414 Monroe.

FOR SALE—12½ acre well improved farm, five miles from Paducah on Bandville road. Apply to W. W. Buchanan, Lone Oak, Ky.

BRICK COTTAGE for rent. Also new Buck's range for sale. Apply to Mrs. W. A. Bishop. Old phone 149.

FOR RENT—Two brick store houses, Eleventh and Broadway, on two-story brick business house, Thirteenth and Clay. Paducah Brewing company.

WANTED MEN EVERYWHERE—Good pay—to distribute circulars, adv. matter, tack signs, etc. No canvassing. National Adv. Bureau, Chicago.

FREE EMPLOYMENT bureau. No charges for services rendered, either to applicant or employer of labor. Charity club, 307 Kentucky avenue, phone 629 office open from 9 to 12 o'clock every forenoon.

LEFT OVER—We have a few spring wagons and buggies that we must get out of our way, and to do so, will sell at a bargain, if sold at once. Sexton Sign Works 16th and Madison. Phone 401.

FOR SALE—Some nice small cottages on good lots. Well located, for less than cost of building. Cash or easy payments. A few just outside city limits. If you have a job save your money. J. M. Worlen.

PRESIDENT INVITED.

View of Proposed Lakes to Gulf Canal Offered.

Springfield, Ill., April 19.—An attempt to have President Roosevelt acquire personal knowledge of the geography of the deep water way project is being made by the St. Louis advocates of the ship canal, backed by Gov. Deane and the governors of seventeen other states.

He has been invited to make a river trip, either from St. Paul to the gulf or from Chicago to the gulf, and has declared his inability to take the time for the inland voyage. This refusal, instead of blanketing the enthusiasm of the deep waterway advocates, has made them more energetic and they are redoubling their efforts to induce him to consent.

Father Charged With Crime.
Memphis, April 19.—Upon a bench warrant charging him with attempting to criminally assault his own daughter, D. L. Brown, who for about fourteen months has been a patrolman on the Memphis police force, was placed in jail yesterday afternoon. Brown was arrested by Capt. O. H. Perry, of the police department and Deputy Sheriff Joseph Farnbaker, into whose hands the warrant was given for execution, after being sworn to before Judge John T. Moss in the criminal court.

Permanent Peace Is Predicted.
Washington, April 19.—Senator Corea, Nicaraguan minister, tonight received a telegram from President Zelaya, stating that the Nicaraguan forces were being withdrawn from Honduran territory. The administration of affairs has been entrusted by the victors to the provisional government of Honduras and President Zelaya expressed the belief that a permanent peace would result.

AN INDOOR GOLF SCORE.



"Five up and only three to play."

THE GOOD CLOTHES SHOP



If anything goes wrong with any clothes you buy at this establishment there's always a remedy in our money drawer. Call this a guarantee, or anything you like, but it means we sell the kind of merchandise that doesn't go wrong. If it were poor we'd be kept busy filling guarantees. As it is, seldom is it necessary to call upon us to make our guarantee good.

We'd like you to know that the wholesale tailors who make up our lines have striven along the lines of quality—and not volume of output. It is one thing to be BIG and another to be GOOD. They could be a great deal bigger than they are—if they could find additional tailors capable of doing the kind of work they require. The world is full of the mediocre kind, but good ones are extremely scarce. Proof of all this is awaiting you at our establishment.

Dominating Designs in Men's Suits

Shadow Plaids, Club Checks, Solid Grays

Ours are all tailored with distinct attention to detail and thoroughness. Naturally, therefore, they are constructed on the custom tailors' plan.

Prices \$7.50 to \$40

Special attention is called to our Men's and Young Men's Suits at \$10.00. You may expect little at such a price, but if the garments were not high class, we wouldn't offer them for sale. Lots of men can't afford any more and we have made these garments up especially to suit them.

Ludlow new brown and gray feather-weight hats are prominent in high favor this season. The models are original and extremely attractive, crowns and brims come both large and small. \$3.00

Fancy Vests The Spring line is complete—and notably it offers a large assortment of patterns—all high grade novelties that we can assure that are entirely exclusive with us here—the washable weaves; the Flannel and Mercerized effects. The three and four button models are popular and we are showing them in a variety of styles. \$1.50 to \$10.00

Spring Shirts Our line this season is without question the most representative line of shirts in the city, including fancy plaited negligees, white plaited negligees, white plain negligees and negligees in solid colors with plain and plaited bosom, at a price range of \$1.00 to \$5.00

The Boys' Shop



THE Boys' Shop, which is now well known to every resident of Paducah, is intended for the boys and children of every family of this city, consequently its range of prices is from the lowest to the highest. It is very cosmopolitan and is open to the children of the smallest salaried men, as well as those of the independent business men. No house which caters to any particular class can hope to become great, and it is the ambition of this firm to make this the greatest clothes emporium in the city of Paducah. The display of Spring Clothes, now ready for you, will prove the ambition.

THE little chaps just old enough to toddle are well provided for in the richest lines of novelty wear this city has ever seen. The new Sailors, Russians and Eltons in checks and solid colors are the happiest lines of Small Boys' Clothing we have ever seen, and we have been in this line of business all our lives. Prices on these suits range from \$3.50 to \$10.00

WE have received our complete Spring line of Double Breasted and Knickerbocker Suits for boys from 8 to 17 and think enough of them to recommend them to every parent rich or poor. The suits are all carefully taped and many of the trousers are made with double seats and knees. The best suits in the world and wear like iron. Price \$2.50, \$3.50, \$5.00, \$6.50, \$7.50, \$10.00

Boys' Hats--Boys' Furnishings

Right at hand are all these eccentrics of the youngsters' wardrobe. Hats of the proper type and furnishings of every detail that can be relied upon for wear. We would be glad to have you send the boys down and get what is needed in the furnishings line. Competent salespeople are in charge of this department.

A Weasel Pop Gun Free With Each Suit Purchased in The Boys' Shop.

Ladies' Belts

A complete line of Ladies' Wash Belts from 25c up to the fine ones with pearl buckles and neat embroideries at \$1.00
The Boys' Shop.

Wallerstein's
MEN'S AND BOYS' OUTFITTERS
3rd AND BROADWAY
PADUCAH, KY.
Established 1868.

Ladies' Stocks

A complete line of Ladies' Stocks from 25c up to the finest with handsome neat embroideries at \$1.00
The Boys' Shop.

WORK ON STREET FOR THIS SUMMER

Calls For Expenditure of Little Over \$12,000

No Discretion Left to Property Holders in Matter of Connecting With Sewer.

NEWSPAPER ASKS DONATION.

Street Improvements embracing many sections of the city and to cost \$12,000, were recommended in the report of the general street committee of the board of aldermen last night. The report is the result of the request from the board of public works for the council; to outline the proposed improvements for 1907 so that an idea of what could be spent in other departments might be obtained. In the first four months of 1907, \$2,500 have been spent by the street department. For street cleaning and repairs \$10,000 will be needed, leaving \$2,000 for improvements, out of the total appropriation of \$32,000. The work under way and already provided for with the recommendations made last night, will require all of the \$20,000 available.

The streets to be improved and the extent are as follows from the committee report and as each ordinance is brought in, the council may kill or pass it.

Ohio, Third street to Thirteenth street; Tennessee, Third street to Twelfth street; Fourth, Clay street to Trimble street; Fifth, Washington street to Tennessee street; Thirteenth Flournoy street to Terrell street; Finley, Seventh street to Eighth street. Cost, \$3,175.

Improvements already provided for but not under construction will be, counting any kind of improvement whether curb, gutter and pavements, or graveling, as follows: Broadway, Eleventh street to Twenty-fifth street; Fourth, Kettin street to Husbands street; Farley Place, Meyers street to Clements street; Fountain avenue, Broadway to Jefferson street; Boyd, Sixth street to Seventh street; Bloom and Paxton streets; Guthrie avenue and Nineteenth streets; Fifth, Elizabeth street to Broad street. Cost, \$4,580. Grand total, \$12,755.

Must Connect With Sewer.

Choice of connecting or not with the new sewer system, No. 2, was taken away from the property owners by the instruction given last night to the ordinance committee to bring in an ordinance ordering the laterals extended to the property line throughout the district; and, to insure unobstructed reconstruction of Broadway and Jefferson street from Ninth street to Eleventh street, an ordinance to compel property owners to put in lead pipes for water and connections, was ordered brought in. The ordinance for travelling South Fifth street was referred to the joint street committee. An ordinance was passed for travelling South Tenth street from Husbands street to Elizabeth street. The petition to open Jackson street from Guthrie avenue to the city limits was referred to the committee.

City Engineer Washington's salary was raised from \$1,800 to \$2,100 on first passage by the aldermen last night. City Electrical Inspector McPherson also asked for an increase of salary from \$75 a month to \$100. His request for a raise was referred to the fire and police commission.

Jewel Bros. were granted a saloon license by unanimous vote of the eight members. C. E. Blackmail was

granted the privilege of removing his saloon from 209 South Ninth street to 1500 Broad street, and the fact that he had not posted a notice of his intention to move, at the new building, was overlooked by the board. His old stand was within one block of the proposed new school building, the erection of which would have necessitated removal.

A local paper, not The Sun, presented a petition asking for an appropriation of \$200 of the city's funds toward the expense of getting out a special edition. The request was referred to the finance committee for interment.

The city scales are making mistakes of 200 pounds at the clip, and the discrepancy, when coal is being weighed, weighed so heavily on the buyer, that the aldermen after duly weighing the subject ordered the weights investigated and their ways changed.

The license ordinance was amended by double passage to include wild west and pony shows. The advance agent of a wild west show tried to convince Mayor Yecker that his show was not a circus, and therefore not liable to a license, but an amendment was passed for his special benefit. Alderman Hannan moved and the motion was adopted, that a new ordinance should be drawn to prescribe more definitely the city physician's duties.

GOOD JUDGMENT is the essential characteristic of men and women. Invaluable to good business men and necessary to housewives. A woman shows good judgment when she buys White's Cream Vermifuge for her baby. The best worm medicine ever offered to mothers. Many indeed are the sensible mothers who write expressing their gratitude for the good health of their children, which they owe to the use of White's Cream Vermifuge. Sold by all druggists.

It is far easier to say you do just as you please than it is to do it.

JEWELRY SALE

Special 10 Days' Sale.

Genuine Rogers Knives and Forks, set	\$2.75
Genuine Rogers Tea Spoons set	.75
Genuine Rogers Table Spoons, set	1.50
A \$7.00 Genuine Cut Glass Bowl	3.50

Highest art hand painted china one-half off regular price. A big discount in watches and jewelry.

Remember the number—

315 Broadway.

EYE SEE JEWELRY AND OPTICAL CO., Inc.

J. A. Konezka, Jeweler and Optician

Ladies' and Men's Clothes

Cleaned and pressed by competent men. Called for and delivered in covered wagon. Prices reasonable Satisfaction guaranteed.

Club Membership \$1.00 per month.

FAULTLESS PRESSING CLUB

S. E. DAMBERGER, Prop.
Both Phones 1507.

BOTTLING in bond is all right, but there must be quality behind the little green stamp. All bonded bottling looks alike to Uncle Sam as long as the tax has been paid. Discriminating people that know prefer
Early Times
OR
Jack Beam

That our American forests abound in plants which possess the most valuable medicinal virtues is abundantly attested by scores of the most eminent medical writers and teachers. Even the untutored Indians have discovered the usefulness of many native plants before the advent of the white race. This information, imparted freely to the whites, led the latter to continue investigations until today we have a rich assortment of most valuable American medicinal roots.

Dr. Pierce believes that our American forests abound in most valuable medicinal roots for the cure of most obstinate and fatal diseases. It is a common knowledge that in the United States, and in the most fertile portions of the continent, there are many medicinal plants which have been discovered by the untutored Indians, and which have been found to be of great value in the treatment of various diseases. Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" is a simple and effective remedy for the cure of many of these diseases. It is a simple and effective remedy for the cure of many of these diseases. It is a simple and effective remedy for the cure of many of these diseases.

Not less marvelous, in the unparalleled cures it is constantly making of women's many peculiar affections, weaknesses and dyspepsia, Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" is a simple and effective remedy for the cure of many of these diseases. It is a simple and effective remedy for the cure of many of these diseases. It is a simple and effective remedy for the cure of many of these diseases.

Both the above mentioned medicines are wholly made up from the glyceric extracts of native medicinal roots. The processes employed in their manufacture were original with Dr. Pierce, and they are carried on by skilled chemists and pharmacists with the aid of apparatus and appliances specially designed and built for this purpose. Both medicines are entirely free from alcohol and all other harmful, habit-forming drugs. A full list of their ingredients is printed on each bottle wrapper.

Bacon.—They say the business of the gondoliers of Venice is being invaded by women. How'd you like to be paddled by a woman?

Egbert—Excuse me! I was paddled by my mother when I was a boy. That's all I want.—Yonkers Statesman.

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Have a torpid liver when Herbine, the only liver regulator, will help you? There is no reason why you should suffer from dyspepsia, constipation, chills and fever, or any liver complaint, when Herbine will cure you. E. C. Winters, Westville, Fla., writes: "I was sick for a month with chills and fever, and after taking two bottles of Herbine am well and healthy." Sold by all druggists.

'ust a Few Uses as a Medicine

Very highly recommended for chronic dyspepsia and indigestion, also habitual constipation. For children it will be found useful in colds, hoarseness, and for weak, sickly children it is par excellence as a tonic and flesh builder, toning up the stomach and correcting indigestion and a disposition toward constipation. We can recommend this oil to be absolutely the purest oil on the market. We have it in 35c, 60c and \$1 bottles. Give it a trial and be convinced of its value.

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Illinois Central Excursion Bulletin



The following reduced rates are announced:
Los Angeles, Cal.—Mystic Shrine and German Baptist Brethren, April 25th to May 18th. Round trip, \$60.50, limit July 31st.

Los Angeles, Cal.—Electric Medical Association, June 8th to 15th; limit August 31st. Round trip, \$60.50.

Jamestown, Va.—Exposition, April 19th to November 30th—15 days; \$23.75. Coach excursions on special dates; \$18.00 every Tuesday; limit 10 days.

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Agt Union Depot

A MAKER OF HISTORY

By E. PHILLIPS OPPENHEIM,
Author of "The Master Mummer," "A Prince of Sinners," "Mysterious Mr. Sabin," "Anna the Adventuress," Etc.

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(Continued from Yesterday.)

There was another silence. Then the conversation drifted back once more to the one subject which was monopolizing the thoughts of both of them.

"I tell you what seems to me to be the most extraordinary part of the whole business," Duncombe said. "First, the brother disappears. Then, without a word to any one, the sister also rushes off to Paris and vanishes from the face of the earth after a series of extraordinary proceedings. One supposes naturally that if they have come to harm anywhere—if there has been a crime—there must have been a motive. What is it? Don't say that their banking account has been nullified?"

"It was last week, I should hear if my checks were presented."

"And the boy's letter of credit even has never been drawn upon?"

"No; not since he left Vienna."

"Then the motive cannot be robbery. Thank heaven," Duncombe added, with a little shudder, "but it was the boy who went first."

"Don't!"

A great winged insect came buzzing into the room. Duncombe struck violently at it with the palm of his hand.

"Lord," he muttered, "what a fool I am! I've never been away from home before, and here I am just back from Paris in August, from turning night into day, from living just the sort of life I hate, and I'd give anything to be going back there tomorrow. I'm a haunted man, Andrew. I got up last night simply because I couldn't sleep and walked down as far as the paddock. I seemed to see her face in all the shadowy corners, to see her moving toward me from among the trees. And I'm not an imaginative person, Andrew, and I've got no nerves. Look!"

He held out his hand, strong and firm and brown. It was as steady as a rock.

"I can't sleep," he continued. "I can't rest. Is there witchcraft in this thing, Andrew?"

Andrew Pellham laughed shortly. It was a laugh which had no kinship to mirth.

"And I," he said, "have seen her grow up. We were boy and girl together. I stole apples for her. I have watched her grow from girlhood into womanhood. I have known her dash and blood, and you a cardboard image. I, too, am a strong man, and I am helpless; I lie awake at night and I think. It is as though the red flames of hell were curling up around me. George, if she has come to any evil, whether I am blind or whether I can see, I'll grope my way from country to country till my hand is upon the throat of the beast who has harmed her."

The man's voice shook with passion. Duncombe was awed into silence. He had known Andrew Pellham always as a good natured, good hearted giant, beloved of children and animals, deeply religious, a man whose temper, if he possessed such a thing, was always strictly under control. Such an outbreak as this was a revelation. Duncombe understood then how slight a thing his own suffering was.

"You shall not go alone, Andrew," he said softly, "but for the present we must wait. If any one can help us, Spencer will."

A servant came in with the whisky and glasses and silently arranged them upon the table. Duncombe rose and attended to his duties as host.



"Hello! They're stopping. I'd better go out."

"Can I get you anything further, sir?" the man asked.

"Nothing, thanks," Duncombe answered. "Tell the servants to go to bed. We will look up. Say when, Andrew."

Andrew took his glass mechanically. Out in the lane the silence of the summer night was suddenly broken by the regular tread of horses' feet and the rumbling of vehicles. Duncombe Hall was built like many of the old fashioned houses in the country, with its back to the road, and the window at which they were sitting looked out upon it. Duncombe leaned forward in his chair.

"Visitors by the last train going up to Kinton Place," he remarked. "Kinton has quite a large party for the first. Hello! They're stopping. I'd better go out."

He rose from his chair. The omnibus had stopped in the lane, and they could hear the voices of the occupants clearly through the soft darkness.

Some one was apparently getting out and stumbled. A girl's soft laugh rang out distinctly above the man's exclamation. Duncombe was already stepping over the window sill, when he felt a clutch like iron upon his shoulder. He looked round in amazement. Andrew's face was transformed. He was struggling for words.

"Her voice!" he exclaimed hoarsely. "Am I dreaming, George? It was her voice!"

(To Be Continued.)

ROOT MAKES CLEAR FRISCO INCIDENT

Continued From Page Four.)

and with the advice and consent of the senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the senators present concur." (ART. II, Sec. 2.)

"This constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every state shall be bound thereby any thing in the constitution or laws of any state to the contrary notwithstanding." (ART. VI.)

Legislative power is distributed; upon some subjects the national legislature has authority. Judicial power is distributed; in some cases the federal courts have jurisdiction; in other cases the state courts have jurisdiction. Executive power is distributed; in some fields the state executive is to act. The treaty-making power is not distributed; it is all vested in the national government; no part of it is vested in or reserved to the states. In international affairs there are no states; there is but one nation, acting in direct relation to and representation of every citizen in every state. Every treaty made under the authority of the United States is made by the national government, as the direct and sole representative of every citizen of the United States residing in California equally with every citizen of the United States residing elsewhere. It is, of course, conceivable that, under pretense of exercising the treaty-making power, the president and senate might attempt to make provisions regarding matters which are not proper subjects of international agreement, and which would be only a colorable—not a real—exercise of the treaty-making power; but so far as the real exercise of the power goes, there can be no question of state rights, because the constitution itself, in the most explicit terms, has precluded the existence of any such question.

Some Limitations.

2. Although there are no express limitations upon the treaty-making power granted to the national government, there are certain implied limitations arising from the nature of our government and from the other provisions of the constitution; but those implied limitations do not in the slightest degree touch the making of treaty provisions relating to the treatment of aliens within our territory.

In the case of *Geoffrey v. Riggs*, which, in 1889, sustained the rights of French citizens under the treaty of 1800 to take and hold real and personal property in contemplation of the common law and the statutes of the state of Maryland, the supreme court of the United States said:

"That the treaty power of the United States extends to all proper subjects of negotiation between our government and the governments of other nations is clear. . . . The treaty power, as expressed in the constitution, is in terms unlimited except by those restraints which are found in that instrument against the action of the government or of its departments, and those arising from the nature of the government itself and of that of the states."

3. Reciprocal agreements between nations regarding the treatment which the citizens of each nation shall receive in the territory of the

other nation are among the most familiar, ordinary, and unquestioned exercises of the treaty-making power. To secure the citizens of one's country against discriminatory laws and discriminatory administration in the foreign countries where they may travel or trade or reside is, and always has been, one of the chief objects of treaty making, and such provisions always have been reciprocal.

During the entire history of the United States provisions of this description have been included in our treaties of friendship, commerce, and navigation with practically all the other nations of the world. Such provisions had been from time immemorial the subject of treaty agreements among the nations of Europe before American independence; and the power to make such provisions was exercised without question by the continental congress in the treaties which it made prior to the adoption of our constitution. The treaty of 1778 with France, made between the most christian king and the 13 United States of North America by name contained such provisions. So did the treaty of 1782 between their high mightinesses the states-general of the United Netherlands and the 13 United States of America by name.

The treaty of 1785 with Prussia, ratified by the continental congress on the 17th of May, 1786, contained an exercise of the same kind of power. Mr. Bancroft Davis summarizes the provisions of this character in the Prussian treaty in these words:

"The favored-nation clause put Prussia on the best footing in the ports of Charleston, Boston, Philadelphia, and New York, no matter what the legislatures of South Carolina, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, or New York might say."

It is not open to doubt that when the delegates of these 13 states conferred the power to make treaties upon the new national government in the broadest possible terms and without any words of limitation, the subjects about which they themselves had been making the treaties then in force were included in the power.

The treaty of July 28, 1868, between the United States and China—the celebrated Burlingame treaty—contained, in the sixth article, a provision in the very words of the Japanese treaty. That article provided:

"Citizens of the United States visiting or residing in China shall enjoy the same privilege, immunities or exemptions in respect to travel or residence as may there be enjoyed by the citizens or subjects of the most favored nation. And, reciprocally, Chinese subjects visiting or residing in the United States, shall enjoy the same privileges, immunities, and exemptions in respect to travel or residence, as may there be enjoyed by the citizens or subjects of the most favored nation."

Regarding the same treaty the supreme court of the United States remarked, in the case of *Baldwin v. Franks* (129 U. S. 679):

"That the United States have power under the constitution to provide for the punishment of those who are guilty of depriving Chinese subjects of any of the rights, privileges, immunities, or exemptions guaranteed to them by this treaty we do not doubt."

The Supreme Law.

4. It has been settled for more than a century that the fact that a treaty provision would interfere with or annul the laws of a state as to the aliens concerning whom the provision is made, is no impeachment of the treaty's authority.

The very words of the constitution, that the judges in every state shall be bound by a treaty "any thing in the constitution or laws of any state to the contrary notwithstanding," necessarily imply an expectation that some treaties will be made in contravention of laws of the states. Far from the treaty-making power being limited by state laws, its scope is entirely independent of those laws; and whenever it deals with the same subject, if inconsistent with the law, it annuls the law. This is true as to any laws of the states, whether the legislative authority under which they are passed is concurrent with that of congress, or exclusive of that of congress.

In the case of *Ware v. Hylton* the supreme court of the United States, in the year 1796, considered the effect under the constitution of the treaty of peace with England of 1783 which provided that "creditors on either side should meet with no lawful impediment to the recovery of the full value in sterling money, of all bona fide debts, theretofore contracted," as against a law of the state of Virginia, which confiscated to the state of Virginia the debts due from its citizens to British subjects.

The court said:

"There can be no limitation on the power of the people of the United States. By their authority, the state constitutions were made, and by their authority the constitution of the United States was established; and they had the power to change or abolish the state constitutions, or to make them yield to the general law of the people of the United States and government and to treaties made by the great body of the people of Ja-

their authority. A treaty can not be the supreme law of the land—that is of all the United States—if any act of a state legislature can stand in its way. If the constitution of a state (which is the fundamental law of the state, and paramount to its legislature) must give way to a treaty, and fall before it, can it be questioned whether the less power, an act of the state legislature, must not be prostrate?"

It equally appears from these cases that the treaty provisions which were sustained by the supreme court and the state laws which were declared void so far as they conflicted with a treaty, related to matters regarding which congress had no power to legislate but upon which, in the distribution of legislative powers under the constitution, the states alone, had power to legislate.

Proper Subject of Treaty.

5. Since the rights, privileges, and immunities, both of person and property, to be accorded to foreigners in our country and to our citizens in foreign countries are a proper subject of treaty provision and within the limits of the treaty-making power and since such rights, privileges and immunities may be given by treaty in contravention of the laws of any state, it follows of necessity that the treaty-making power alone has authority to determine what those rights, privileges, and immunities shall be. No state can set up its laws as against the grant of any particular right, privilege, or immunity. No state can say a treaty may grant to alien residents equality of treatment as to property but not as to education, or as to the exercise of religion and as to burial but not as to education, or as to education but not as to property or religion. That would be substituting the mere will of the state for the judgment of the president and senate in exercising a power committed to them and prohibited to the states by the constitution.

There was, therefore, no real question of power arising under this Japanese treaty and no question of state rights.

There were, however, questions of policy, questions of national interests and of state interests, arising under the administration of the treaty and regarding the application of its provisions to the conditions existing on the Pacific coast.

In the distribution of powers under our composite system of government the people of San Francisco had three sets of interests committed to their special interest as citizens of the principal city and commercial port of the Pacific coast represented by the city government of San Francisco; their interest in common with all the people of the state of California represented by the governor and legislature at Sacramento; and their interests in common with all the people of the United States represented by the national government at Washington. Each one of these three different governmental agencies had authority to do certain things relating to the treatment of Japanese residents in San Francisco. These three interests could not really be in conflict; for the best interest of the whole country is always the true interest of every state and city and the protection of the interests of every locality in the country is always the true interest of the nation. There was, however, a supposed or apparent clash of interests, and, to do away with this, conference, communication, comparison of views, explanation of policy and purpose were necessary. Many thoughtless and some mischievous persons have spoken and written regarding these conferences and communications as if they were the parleying and compromise of enemies. On the contrary, they were an example of the way in which the public business ought always to be conducted; so that the different public officers respectively charged with the performance of duties upon the same subject-matter may work together in furtherance of the same public policy and with a common purpose for the good of the whole country and every part of the country. Such a concert of action with such a purpose was established by the conferences and communications between the national authorities and the authorities of California and San Francisco which followed the passage of the board of education resolution.

Object Was Peace.

There was one great and serious question underlying the whole subject which made all questions of construction and of scope and of effect of the treaty itself—all questions as to whether the claims of Japan were well founded or not; all questions as to whether the resolution of the school board was valid or not—seem temporary and comparatively unimportant. It was not a question of war with Japan. All the foolish talk about war was purely sensational and imaginative. There was never even friction between the two governments. The question was, What state of feeling would be created between the great body of the people of the United States and government and to treaties made by the great body of the people of Ja-

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pan as a result of the treatment given to the Japanese in this country?

What was to be the effect upon that proud, sensitive, highly civilized people across the Pacific, of the discourtesy, insult, impositions of inferiority and abuse aimed at them in the columns of American newspapers and from the platforms of American public meetings? What would be the effect upon our own people of the responses that natural resentment for such treatment would elicit from the Japanese?

The first article of the first treaty Japan ever made with a western power provided:

"There shall be a perfect, permanent, and universal peace and a sincere and cordial amity between the United States of America on the one part, and the empire of Japan on the other part, and between their people respectively, without exception of persons or places."

Under that treaty, which bore the signature of Matthew Calbraith Perry, we introduced Japan to the world of western civilization. We had always been proud of her wonderful development—proud of the genius of the race that in a single generation adapted an ancient feudal system of the far east to the most advanced standards of modern Europe in America. This friendship between the two nations had been peculiar and close. Was the declaration of that treaty to be set aside? At Kurehama, in Japan, stands a monument to Commodore Perry, raised by the Japanese in grateful appreciation, upon the site where he landed and opened negotiations for the treaty. Was that monument henceforth to represent dislike and resentment? Were the two peoples to face each other across the Pacific in future years with angry and resentful feelings? All this was inevitable if the process which seemed to have begun was to continue, and the government of the United States looked with the greatest solicitude upon the possibility that the process might continue.

It is hard for democracy to learn the responsibility of its power; but the people now, not governments, make friendship or dislike, sympathy or discord, peace or war, between nations. In this modern day, through the columns of the myriad press and messages flashing over countless wires, multitude calls to multitude across boundaries and oceans in

courtesy or insult, in amity or in defiance. Foreign offices and ambassadors and ministers no longer keep or break the peace, but the conduct of each people toward every other. The people who permit themselves to treat the people of other countries with discourtesy and insult are sure to sow the wind to reap the whirlwind, for a world of sullen and revengeful hatred can never be a world of peace. Against such a feeling the treaties are waste paper and diplomacy the empty routine of idle form. The great question which overshadowed all discussion of the treaty of 1891 was the question: Are the people of the United States about to break friendship with the people of Japan? That question, I believe, has been happily answered in the negative.

Blame the Luck!
When I think I'm to the good
I receive a hit for wood
And fate tears at me and chuckles
from the darkness of her hood.
And this is the time of year
When the bonnet bills appear:
I've no chance at all to dawdle. Darn
the luck. I wish I could!
Houston Post.

DON'T PUT OFF
For tomorrow what you can do today. If you put off buying a bottle of Ballard's Snow Liniment when that pain comes you won't have any, buy a bottle today. A positive cure for Rheumatism, Burns, Cuts, Sprains, Contracted Muscles, etc. T. S. Graham, Pearl Grove, Ark., writes: "I wish to thank you for the good result I received from Snow Liniment. It positively cured me of Rheumatism after others had failed." Sold by all druggists.

Mistress (to maid after the party)
—So Fran X. called this afternoon. What reason did you give for my not seeing her? Maid—I told her we had a good big wash on.—Meggendorfer Blätter.

JUST BECAUSE
Your cough is only in the throat and does not trouble you now don't think that it needs no attention. When it has not had much of a start it is the time to check it. The slightest cough early leads to Pneumonia, Bronchitis and Consumption. A bottle of Ballard's Cough Syrup will cure that cough. The price puts it within reach of all.
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PUBLIC HEALTH BUREAU.

New Innovation in Government Departments.

New York, April 19.—Steps looking to the creation of a new government department at Washington or a bureau in some department already existing, to deal with the public health, were taken today at a meeting of a committee of 100 named last June by the American association for the Advancement of Science. The meeting today was devoted to a general discussion and to the adoption of rules and regulations providing for the creation of an executive committee of seven, in whom hereafter will be vested the prosecution of the movement. The general object of the committee as outlined today is the creation of a new department to have supervision over such matters as infant hygienic school situation, pure food, drugs and drug manufacturers, and the registration of physicians and druggists. The proposed department would also have control over public and private institutions of correction and detention. There would be, in addition, a bureau of national sewerage.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Palmer—G. L. Trant, New York; F. A. Dunnant, Nashville; H. R. Hyam, Indianapolis; M. B. Gerdorfer, Richmond; A. Starks, New York; F. C. Chambers, Chicago; Basil Duke, Cincinnati; A. M. Sniffin, Detroit; R. W. White, Hopkinsville; D. B. Norton, Louisville; E. P. Boyle, Dresden, Tenn.; A. W. Hyde, Louisville; E. P. Boyd, Dresden, Tenn.; A. W. Hyde, Louisville; C. C. Covington, Elizabethtown, Ill.; G. M. Green, Nashville.

Belvedere—L. E. Owen, Jackson, Tenn.; A. H. Rice, Sugar Tree, Tenn.; G. W. Downs, Murray; G. H. Sweatt, Cincinnati; G. F. Biggs, Palmersville, Tenn.; C. R. Daniels, Birmingham, N. Y.; J. S. Parks, Marion, Ill.; H. H. Marable, Louisville. New Richmond—W. W. Ezel, Paris; W. L. Krone, Kuttawa; Albert Schmeemann, Round Knob; W. P. Paynes, Dawson; J. S. Bishop, Carversville; R. E. Probst, St. Louis; J. H. Rowe, Mt. Vernon, Ill.; J. A. Tanner, Chicago; J. H. Payne, La Center; J. F. Eckhardt, Evansville; Sam Moore, La Center; C. L. Hill, Murray.

SCHOOL BOARD MEETING.

Is Postponed Until Next Monday Night.

Trustees must be elected by the Odd Fellows before the transfer of the Longfellow building by the school board to that lodge would be legal, lodges having no personality before the law. As the Odd Fellows have no trustees for this purpose, the meeting of the school board tonight has been postponed until Monday night to allow time to elect, Mangum lodge last night elected Charles G. Kelley as its trustee and in the meeting of Ingleside lodge tonight, another trustee will be elected.

CHINA OPPOSES FAMINE RELIEF.

Nearly Half a Million Sufferers Are Being Fed by Committee.

Shanghai, April 19.—The famine relief committee is feeding 400,000 persons, and will continue to feed about that number until June. Grain is arriving daily. Thirty thousand men are employed on work provided by the relief committee, principally at Tsing-Kiang-Pu. Official obstruction is being placed in the way of the relief works, on the plea that China herself proposes to undertake these measures. No fulfillment of these promises is noticeable.

Train Runs Down Five Laborers.

Denison, Iowa, April 19.—This afternoon a fast mail train on the Illinois Central, running from Fort Dodge to Omaha, ran down a handcar near Ellis, 12 miles north of here, killing instantly five Austrians of a surfacing gang for the road. The men were returning from Ellis and were on a bridge when the train ran them down. Their mangled bodies were brought here.

Need Fire Protection.

The destruction of the Fred Seltz chicken house by fire on the Mayfield road just inside the city limits last week may lead to the extension of water mains to the city limits on Tennessee street. Residents in that section of the city want water and will get up a petition at once to secure the extension of water mains. The mains at present extend no further than Tennessee street and the Mayfield road.

Prudential Men Banquet.

News. C. L. Miller, A. C. Hargrove, Thomas Orr, Alfred Metcalf, George King, Carl and Thomas Gresham, A. C. Hester, C. F. Hostie, D. L. Adams and J. W. Daniels, attaches of the local office of the Prudential Insurance company, are in Evansville, Ind., today enjoying a banquet given employees of the Evansville district by Supt. D. C. Williams.

Stead Says We Have True Respect For Our Women--We Are Not Serious

New York, April 19.—A reception for the benefit of the Colorado research fund was held under the auspices of the Collegiate Equal Suffrage league at the Colony club. The guests of honor were W. T. Stead and President M. Carey Thomas of Bryn Mawr college. Miss Thomas did not speak. Mr. Stead did.

"As far as the position of women is concerned," he said, "America has taken a back seat among nations. You Americans are too conservative; your red tape prevents people from getting their will. We English used to talk a great deal about the great respect paid by American men to women."

"American men do not respect women. They treat them like children. They work for them, I admit. They suffer for them; they indulge them—too much for their own good. But they do not take them seriously."

One young woman pointed; others sighed; some nodded their heads; but none of them said anything, and Mr. Stead continued:

"Surface courtesy is not true chivalry and surface courtesy is what the American man offers to American women. If a pretty woman approaches a group of men and announces that she had been conducting a mathematical investigation, and, after painstaking effort, has discovered that two and two, if added sideways, would make five, what is the result? There are smiles of congratulation and murmurs of admiration. Do any men tell her she is an idiot? No. They reserve that comment until after she has taken her departure. If you have any real respect for a person, you tell him when he is making a fool or idiot of himself, so that he won't do it again."

"Women are treated better in England than in any other country," the speaker said, "because they are not only allowed to sit on the platforms in election campaigns but 'any male thing' gets up and gives them a seat in the 'tube.' " He thought the United States came next in regard to the subway question, and Germany last. It seems women can't even look at a seat in the Berlin subway.

COME OUT FOR TAFT.

Three More Ohio Counties Line Up For Secretary.

Columbus, O., April 19.—Men who are conducting the political campaign of Secretary Taft for the supremacy in Ohio over Senator Foraker, had more water poured on their wheels today. It was learned that three more counties—Fairfield, Clarke and Ashland—had lined up strongly for his side of the cause. The action in Fairfield and Clarke is significant.

Malcolm Jennings, assistant clerk of the state senate and editor of the Lancaster Gazette, the Republican organ of Fairfield county, has come out strongly for Taft. Mr. Jennings for years has been a Foraker man. He was not only a supporter of his, but a rabid one. He has come out in an editorial saying that the people he represents in his county are for Taft, and that his paper, being the organ of the people, can do naught else but declare for him.

Clarke county is the home of Representative J. Warren Keifer. He has taken in favor of Mr. Taft.

QUAKE ANNIVERSARY.

Remembered By People of San Francisco Yesterday.

San Francisco, April 19.—The first anniversary of the earthquake and fire which left this city a mass of ruins, was observed yesterday by appropriate religious services and commemorative exercises by the Building Trades Council and other organizations. The crowning event of the day was a banquet of the Merchants' association at which the material and civic regeneration of the city was discussed and faith expressed in the "new and greater San Francisco."

Last year there were made in Switzerland 4,462,071 nickel and metal watches, 3,135,991 silver and 1,010,905 gold watches.

MYSTERY CLEARED.

As To Disappearance of Money in Transit.

Washington, April 19.—The mystery concerning the disappearance of a packet containing \$10,000 in currency in transit by mail from the Atlantic National bank of this city to the Chemical National bank of New York was cleared up today by the arrest, at the instance of postoffice inspectors, of Edward A. Nelson, 27 years of age, employed in the railway mail service. Nelson, whose home is in this city, made a complete confession.

75,000 DEATHS.

Plague in India Has Been Most Disastrous.

Simla, April 19.—There were 75,000 deaths from the plague in India during the week ended April 13. Seventy thousand of these occurred in Bengal, the United Provinces and the Punjab. The epidemic began in the Punjab in October, 1897, since when nearly 1,500,000 deaths have occurred.

SECRET SOCIETY KILLED MAN FOR TELLING GIRL.

Port Chester, N. Y., April 19.—Pauline Abrosio, believes her fiancé, Antonio Santore, to whom she was to have been married last week, was killed by a member of a secret society to which he and his rival belonged. She told authorities she believes her life is in danger, and she voluntarily went to jail in White Plains for safety. The girl says the missing man revealed secrets of the society to her.

New Fire Reservoir.

Chief Wood, of the fire department, had an engine from the fire department at the Dixie knitting mills, Eighth and Jones streets, this morning, pumping water into the reservoir of the new fire protection system recently installed by that plant.

LINDO MURPHY TOOK OATH AND GOT OUT OF HIS FINE.

Lindon Murphy, "King of Bootleggers," is once again a free man after more than a year's confinement in the jail and penitentiary. He was released this afternoon after the formality of taking the insolvent debtor's oath before United States Commissioner Armour Gardner. Murphy was sent up from Paducah to the Edwylle prison for one year for robbery and on serving his term was returned to Graves county to serve out four months and a \$100 fine for bootlegging. He served the jail sentence and was released on taking the insolvent debtor's oath. Deputy U. S. Marshal Wade Brown brought Murphy here at noon.

HOLD OFFICERS FOR LYNCHING.

Louisiana Deputy Sheriffs, From Whom Negro Was Taken, Arrested.

Marksville, La., April 19.—Charged with manslaughter for their alleged carelessness in allowing the negro, Charley Strauss, to be lynched yesterday Deputy Sheriffs J. E. Keegan and J. J. Salmon were today brought here under arrest and placed under \$700 bond each. Strauss was hanged to a tree in the woods near Eolia, La., where a crowd of masked men met the deputies as the latter escorted the negro to jail.

Highly improbable. Editor—I wish I knew what our lady readers want. Assistant—Why don't you send out a circular letter and ask them? Editor—Great heavens, man, do you suppose they know?—Puck.

WISCONSIN DEADLOCK.

Hard Fight in Republican Caucus for Spooner's Seat.

Madison, Wis., April 19.—A deadlock exists in the contest for the seat in United States senate. Therev sent in United States senate. Evans Stephenson, a wealthy lumberman of Marinette, and who has been a

staunch supporter of LaFollette, in today's session had 19 votes, being tied by Congressman Esch, of La Crosse, Irvine L. Lenroot, of Superior, former speaker of the assembly and a strong adherent of LaFollette, received 18, as did Congressman Cooper of Racine, William H. Hamilton, of New London, had 15; Emil Beansch, of Manitowish, 6; F. C. Winkler, of Milwaukee, 3.

Our \$1.00 Pound of Pin Head Tea for 90c Saturday.

PALMER HOUSE COFFEE SERVED FREE ALL DAY UNTIL 10 P. M.

2lb of Palmer house Blend 35c coffee for 65c Saturday.

Great Pacific Specials for Saturday, April 20.

7 lbs Sugar39c
Regular price 45c.
Onion Flour75c
Regular price 85c.
2 lbs Santos Coffee35c
Regular price 40c.
2 lbs Fancy Coffee45c
Regular price 50c.
2 lbs Sliced Raisins25c
Regular price 30c.
3 Boxes Biscuits10c
Regular price 15c.
2 Pkgs. Mince Meat15c
Regular price 20c.
3 Cans Tomatoes25c
Regular price 30 and 35c.
3 Cans Corn20c
Regular price 25 and 30c.
3 Cans Peas20c
Regular price 25 and 30c.
2 Pkgs. Spaghetti15c
Regular price 20c.
7 Bars Star Soap25c
Regular price 30c.
4 lbs Navy Beans15c
Regular price 20c.
Gallon Can Apples25c
Regular price 35 and 40c.
Tomato Pulp per can5c
One thousand Good Matches for5c
2 Bottles Heinz Ketchup25c
Regular price 30c.
12 lbs Ice Cream Salt10c
Regular price 15c.
3 5c Sacks Salt10c

Baker's Cocoa per can10c
Regular price 15c.
2 lbs Oleomargarine Butter35c
Regular price 40c.
3 Cans Hominy25c
Regular price 30c.
Sliced or Grated Pineapple per can10c
Regular price 15c.
2 Cans Shrimps25c
Regular price 30c.
First Patent Flour per Sk. 65c
Regular price 75c.
Straight Patent Flour55c
Regular price 65c.
3 Bars Witch Hazel or Butter Milk Soap20c
Regular price 25c.
3 Pkgs. Soda Diamond M10c
Regular price 15c.
3 Cans Baked Beans25c
4 lbs Black Prunes25c
Regular price 40c.
Chunk Pineapple per can 15c
Regular price 20c.
3 lb Can Pie Pineapple10c
Regular price 12 1/2c.
Mixed Tea per lb30c
Regular price 40c.
3 lbs No. 1 Rice25c
Regular price 35c.
Dunkley's Raspberries per can15c
Regular price 25c.

GREAT PACIFIC TEA & COFFEE CO.
The Broadway Store.
Old Phone 1179 206 Broadway New Phone 1176

We submit these specials for your consideration for tomorrow.

THE PURE FOOD MARKET Both Phones 805---113 S. 2nd.

Hello Central! Give me 805, as we want something good to eat. Mamma says groceries are so nice and reasonable.

50c for 9 lbs granulated sugar.
20c for 5 lbs. granulated sugar.
10c for 2 lbs. yellow corn meal.
25c for 3 lbs. Santa Clara prunes.
25c for 6 cans Gorden's evaporated cream.
10c for big quart of apple vinegar
9c for 1 can yellow table peaches.
16c for 2 big bottles tomato catsup.
25c for 3 pkgs White oats
15c for 2 lbs. fresh Ginger-Snaps
15c for 1/2 dozen large Jumbo pickles
15c for 1 dozen sweet pickles.
10c for one gallon tin bucket.
15c for 1 1/2 gallon tin bucket.
25c for one 30c broom.
25c for 3 lbs. country dried apples
25c for 2 lbs. evaporated peaches

Coffees and Teas.

30c for 2 lbs of old Santos coffee. Makes an excellent cup.
45c for 2 lbs. of our popular Blended coffee.
50c for 1/2 lb of Lipton Tea.
60c for 1 lb. of our Black Tea.

Can Goods.

25c for 3 cans Early June Peas.
25c for 3 cans White Pearl Corn.
30c for 2 cans Stringless Beans.
10c for 2 cans Strawberries.
25c for 3 cans Home-made Kraut
55c for 3 cans old-fashioned Hominy.
25c for 3 cans Pumpkins.
25c for 2 cans Tomatoes and 1 can Strawberries.
70c for 1 sack of Patent Flour.
55c for 1 sack Dove Flour.

FREE TO CINDERELLA OF PADUCAH



On display in our window is a pair of Laird Schober & Co. \$5.00 Oxfords made for the Cinderella of Paducah, and we are going to present them free to the lady over 8 years old that they fit. We keep the most complete line of sizes and widths of any store in this section of Kentucky, and we make a specialty of fitting feet correctly, that other stores cannot touch. Laird, Schober & Co. make the finest line of women's shoes in the world, and we are ready to give the Paducah shoe patron anything they want. Come in and try on a pair of these Oxfords, you can then appreciate the difference in our shoes and the ordinary shoe that costs nearly as much. We fit them any day but Saturdays.

If they're Rock's they're right.
If they're right they're Rock's.

Geo. Rock Shoe Co.
SPECIALISTS OF SHOES AND SATISFACTION
326 BROADWAY PADUCAH, KY.